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RUSSELL ERRETT, Editor.

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The Daily and Weekly Commercial—NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.—1. Any one who takes a paper regularly from the Postoffice—whether directed to his name or another's, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. The Courts have decided that refusing to take Newspapers or Periodicals from the Postoffice, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

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FIRST EDITION.

FOREIGN NEWS.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Ireland.

AMERICAN TEAM FINISHES WITH BELFAST AND LEAVES FOR GLASGOW.

BELFAST, July 9.—The American rifle team has left for Glasgow. The members of the team, accompanied by the Mayor of Belfast, passed to-day in visiting the principal manufactories of the city, and were enthusiastically cheered by the operatives. At lunch the Mayor proposed the health of the team, remarking that friendly contests, such as those at Dublin and Belfast, tended to increase the friendship between the two nations, and ought to be encouraged. Colonel Gildersleeve, replying to the toast, reiterated expressions of gratitude for the cordiality the team had everywhere met in Ireland. Nowhere, he said, was it more marked than in Belfast, whose industrial activy struck the American visitors most favorably.

A FAREWELL BANQUET

was given to the American team this afternoon. Robert Thompson, a prominent merchant, presided and made a speech, wishing the Americans every success. Mayor Lindsay entered near the close of the banquet and presented Colonel Gildersleeve with the cup won by him at Clandeboye. The Mayor said the citizens of Belfast were glad the cup was going to an American. After further speeches, the company rose and the visitors proceeded to the pier to take the steamer for Glasgow, escorted by the Mayor and a delegation of citizens. Thousands of people lined the docks and piers to see them off, and there was loud and hearty cheering as the vessel steamed out. The party will visit the Scotch ishes to-morrow, and expect to arrive at Edinburgh in the evening.

NO MORE TEAM MATCHES FOR THE AMERICANS.

BELFAST, July 9.—Colonel Gildersleeve to-day received letters from the Secretary of the National Rifle Association, inviting the Americans to shoot on the 17th instant, at Wimbledon, against a team of eight picked from the United Kingdom, the range to be one thousand yards and each man to have thirty shots. Colonel Gildersleeve has replied, declining the proposition. He says the Americans are determined to adhere to their original plan of engaging in only one team match on this side of the Atlantic. He thanks the Secretary for the invitation. A letter of similar character has been sent to Mr. Parsons, Adjutant of the English eight, in response to his letter of July 5th proposing a match between the Americans and a team of eight selected from the four nationalities of the United Kingdom. For the present all team matches are off, and it is not likely that any new ones will be made. The Americans will be at Wimbledon and take part in shooting for the Albert cup and other matches open to all comers. The opinion gains ground here that the English are afraid to meet the Americans, except on terms unfavorable to the latter.

England.

OPINION OF ONE OF THE IRISH TEAM ON THE ABILITIES OF THE AMERICAN RIFLEMEN.

LONDON, July 10.—Mr. Hamilton, of the Irish team, writes to the *Standard*, indorsing Parson's letter of yesterday, in reply to newspaper criticisms. He says: "I have shot against the American team, both in the United States and Ireland. I can say with confidence that there never has been any team in this country able to beat them. I don't mean we have not as good individual shots, but their organization is simply perfect. Discipline will always beat superior individual strength in such contests. In America the Irish made a higher score than the best they ever made for the Elcho shield, and yet—although, it is true, by accident—were beaten. The following week, when competing for individual prizes, they made fifty-two points more than the Americans, over the same course. The Irish score at Doilymount, on June 23th, was again better than any they ever made for the Elcho shield, while the Americans averaged 161.16, which is higher than the best individual score ever made at Wimbledon for the Ashburton cup match, for the selection of the Irish eight, six Irishmen headed the list. The Americans followed at long intervals." The letter points to the above statistics as proof that the Americans are almost safe from defeat shooting against a picked team, while, if allowed to compete with three eights, the match would be the best and most interesting the world has ever seen.

Spain.

THE PURSUIT OF DORREGARAY.

MADRID, July 9.—Official dispatches report that the Carlist General Dorregaray, after reaching the villages of Aguas and Cashas, at the foot of Mount Guara, between Huesca and Jaca, succeeded in entering Baitana district, in Aragon, near the Pyrenees. Three brigades are actively pursuing him. The *Imparcial* says Don Carlos and staff have hurriedly decamped from Trevino.

VITTORIA RELIEVED AND OCCUPIED BY ALFONSISTS.

MADRID, July 9.—The Alfonsists relieved Vittoria and entered the city Wednesday. The Carlists have been defeated at Trevino, with a loss of four hundred killed and sixty prisoners. They are retreating to the northern part of Alava.

European Markets.

LONDON, July 9, 5 P. M.—Consols for money 94 1-16; for account 94 5-16. United States bonds —5-20's, 1865, 109½; do 1867, 107½; 10-40's, new 5's, 104. Railroads—New York Central 93; Erie 15; preferred 22. Illinois Central 91.

PARIS, July 9.—Rentes 63 francs 85 centimes.

FRANKFORT, July 9.—United States bonds—5-20's 102, 88's.

ANTWERP, July 9.—Refined petroleum 23½ francs.

LIVERPOOL, July 9.—Cotton quiet; middling upland 7¼d; Orleans 7 7-16d. Sales of 10,000 bales, including 2,000 for speculation and export and 4,800 American. Flour—Extra Western 22s. Wheat—No. 2 to No. 1 spring 8s 5½d@8s 10d. Corn—Mixed 36s. Pork—Western 78s. Eastern 80s. Beef 72s 6d. Bacon—City cured 56s. Lard 58s. Tallow 41s. Refined petroleum 9d; spirits do 7½d.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 9, 1875.

A BANKER RELIEVED OF A SERIOUS CHARGE.

The *Evening Post* says: The sensation story to the effect that F. H. Eccles, a member of the Stock Exchange and Gold Exchange, had defrauded or attempted to defraud the National Mechanics' Banking Association and Third National Bank and absconded, is proved to have been groundless by the return of Mr. Eccles yesterday afternoon on the Saratoga express train. He had taken the Fourth of July holidays as an opportunity afforded to visit his mother, in Montreal, and left New York on last Saturday for that purpose, intending to return on Tuesday or Wednesday. On his return yesterday he found to his surprise that one of his clerks had on Tuesday filled up a blank check on the Mechanics' National Bank for an amount sufficient to take up $125,000 in gold, pledged by Eccles with the Third National Bank, as collateral for a loan. This clerk, who has disappeared, it is believed, intended to draw the gold and get away with it, and would have done so, but for the fact that the Third National Bank would only deliver the gold to Eccles, he having arranged with the bank never to give up his collateral except to himself personally. As to the dispute between the banks, that was settled in the first ten minutes of business to-day, by Eccles giving the Third National Bank an order to deliver the gold to the Mechanics Banking Association, which has been done, and which will make the check on the latter good. This morning the Stock Exchange was called to order to listen to the report from the Law Committee, charged with the investigation of the reported defalcation. The committee reported that after a full investigation it was evident that Eccles was in no way a party to the attempt to defraud the Third National Bank or any one.

NO INTERFERENCE WITH RELIGIOUS INSTITUTIONS.

Judge Lawrence to-day refused an injunction restraining the trustees of a Jewish synagogue from permitting male and female members of families to sit together during services, leaving the matter where it belongs—to the judicature of the church.

WHEREABOUTS OF FILKINS, THE EXPRESS ROBBER.

The skeleton of Filkins, the express robber who last year escaped from the Clinton State prison, was recently found in the main sewer of the institution.

EXECUTION IN SULLIVAN COUNTY.

Mark Brown was executed at Monticello, New York, to-day, for the murder of Sylvester Carr, of Morton, Sullivan county. He made a long speech from the scaffold. His wife and child remained with him to the last. The body was given to his relatives for burial.

Ablegate Roncetti in Montreal.

MONTREAL, July 9.—The reception of Monsigneur Roncetti was most enthusiastic. Over 7,000 persons were present at the service in the French church last evening. Addresses were delivered by Irish and French Catholics. A handsome gold locket and chain and $400 in gold were presented to the Ablegate.

ECONOMY IS WEALTH.

Consumers can save money and always have good bread by using White River Flour.

RAILROAD TRAIN ATTACKED.

Bold Attempt to Rob an Express Car.

The Engineer Killed in His Cab.

Brave and Successful Resistance of the Express Messenger.

TERRE HAUTE, INDIANA, July 9.—Long Point, a station on the Vandalia Railroad, three miles west of Casey, Illinois, is a place where all trains on that road usually stop for water. It is a lonesome place, situated in the woods, with no one living within a mile and a half of it. It has long been considered by the railroad men as a dangerous place. Several times lately the engineers have seen suspicious persons lurking about there at night, and have run by without stopping for water.

Last night, at midnight, as train No. 5, east bound, conductor Fraley and engineer Milo Ames, came up to Long Point for water, two men boarded the locomotive, one from each side, and said to the engineer: "Pull out." The engineer was at first somewhat bewildered. When they said again, "pull out," he seeming to comprehend the situation, said, "all right, I'll pull out." The men then said "we will run the thing ourselves," and at that both the robbers fired. One of the shots killed the engineer instantly, and the other lodged in the cab. The fireman, who was on the tank taking in water, immediately jumped and ran to the rear of the train to notify the train men, having heard the conversation, and comprehending the situation. During these proceedings at the engine, a confederate had detected the Adams Express car, and they then, pulling the engine wide open, ran her about two miles east and stopped, blowing off brakes to deceive the express messenger.

They then came to the door of the car and said: "Let me in, Jack." He replied to them, "I am ready for you—if you ever come in here you are dead men." The robbers then commenced firing into the car. The messenger (Burke) said it seemed to him there were a dozen of them, as the shots seemed to come from all directions. The conductor and train men, after the shots were fired, saw the situation of affairs and at once pursued them. They could only find one revolver on the train, but found ten soldiers on the train who were armed with carbines. With these weapons the train men and soldiers started in pursuit of the train and the robbers, but when they came up to the train all was quiet, the robbers having fled. They found the engineer in the bottom of his cab, cold and still. There chanced to be a freight engineer, Jack Vandergrift, on the train, and he, with the fireman, immediately ran the engine back to the train and brought it in. The robbers failed to gain any entrance whatever into the express car, it being one of the close kind, having no windows and very strong everyway. Had they detached the American Express car also, which was immediately in the rear of the Adams, they would undoubtedly have accomplished their object, as it was an open car, having windows, the doors not being very strong. They found the hammer by which the coupling pin was knocked out, and which may be important as a clue to the discovery of the perpetrators of this outrage.

The train men speak in very flattering terms of the pluck and bravery displayed by the Express Messenger Burke, under the trying circumstances in which he was placed. There is intense feeling among railroad men over the death of Engineer Ames, and should the perpetrators be caught, it is very generally believed that it will not cost the State anything to prosecute them. Engineer Ames was one of the best engineers on the road. He was about thirty-five years old, and had been married but a short time.

The robbers who boarded the locomotive wore long linen dusters. Conductor Fraley and all the train men, in fact, did all they could under the circumstances. Several suspicious persons are already under arrest, and every effort will be made by the railroad company to bring the robbers to justice. They have, it is understood, already offered a reward of $1,000. These particulars have been gathered from one of the train men, who was a witness of the whole affair.

ST. LOUIS, July 9.—This morning Major Simpson, General Superintendent of the Vandalia road, received a dispatch stating that three men had been arrested, one of whom was known to have been engaged in the murder. The Vandalia Company has offered a reward of $1,000 for each man connected with the affair. The City Council of Casey has offered $150 reward, and this sum is expected to be largely increased by the county and State authorities. Engineer Ames was a native of Washington, Mass., where he has a brother. Another brother is conductor on the Missouri Pacific Railroad.

CRIMINAL RECORD.

Philadelphia Murderer Captured.

PHILADELPHIA, July 8.—Wm. Brown, who murdered his wife on Saturday last, near Fairmount Park, was captured this morning.

Murder in Louisiana—A Murderer Sentenced.

NEW ORLEANS, July 9.—Emile Gerard, a storekeeper of Labadieville, Assumption parish, was shot and killed by a drunken negro on the 4th of July.

Alexander Newton was to-day sentenced to be hanged for the murder of Justin Bourdalaury, the day to be hereafter appointed by the Governor.

Commissioner of Kearny County, Nebraska, Killed.

LOWELL, NEB., July 9.—About 1 P. M., to-day, Joseph, Newell, a farmer, shot and instantly killed James McGonegal, a County Commissioner. McGonegal had been drinking hard of late, and having an altercation with Newell, the latter shot him. He was arrested immediately. The excitement in the immediate vicinity is intense. Both are well known and respected citizens.

Steamboat Pilot Stabbed at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 9.—A quarrel occurred about 6:30 o'clock last evening, in front of the boat store of Sample, Reno & Cassilly, on the public landing, between two St. Louis and Cincinnati river pilots, John Sullivan and M. L. Kelley, which resulted in Sullivan receiving three stabs at the hands of Kelley, which will probably prove fatal.

Murder in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 9.—Gaetano Guidi, aged twenty-four, a barkeeper in the employ of a man named Baderack, corner of Baderack and Harrison street, instantly killed John Baderack, son of his employer, to-night. Guidi says young Baderack was in the habit of helping himself behind the bar and paid no attention to warnings to keep away. He repeated the offense to-night, and a disagreement occurred between the two men, resulting in Guidi's thrusting a knife into Baderack's throat, severing the jugular and killing him instantly. Guidi is under arrest.

The Owen County (Kentucky) Prisoners Safe at Frankfort.

LOUISVILLE, July 9.—Jailor Camp, who was given until to-day to bring the four Owen county prisoners before Judge McManama, appeared before him, at Owenton, this afternoon. He filed an additional response, setting forth the sentence of the said prisoners by Judge Ballard. Judge McManama thereupon adjudged the response sufficient, and discharged the respondent. The four prisoners are now in the State prison, at Frankfort.

Trial of Ex-Treasurer Parker, of South Carolina.

CHARLESTON, July 9.—The proceedings in the trial of ex-Treasurer Parker, to-day, were very important. Ladd, the missing witness, who had attempted to abscond, was arrested, and testified that Parker told him that $450,000 in coupons of State bonds had been given him, of which his share was $150,000. This was when the final settlement was made by the State with the financial agent, Kimpton. Ladd also swore that Parker asked him to have these coupons funded by an agent of Parker. The coupons belonged to the State.

Murder in Clay County, Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, July 9.—Robert Harris, an old resident of Clay county, Missouri, was shot and instantly killed by a neighbor, Frederick Reedy, Wednesday night.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

More Erie Foreclosures.

NEW YORK, July 9.—A Millford (Pa.) dispatch states that on Wednesday last a bill in equity was filed in the County Clerk's office, by the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, against the Erie Railway Company, upon consolidated mortgages for $30,000,000, and the Court of Common Pleas of Pike county yesterday appointed President Jewett receiver. The proceedings were auxiliary to like proceedings in New York upon the same mortgages.

Anybody Could Say This.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Nicholas Thomas, a mechanic in the car shops here, states that he has been working for a long time on the principle which developed Keely's new motor, and that he had some time ago arrived at the same conclusions as Mr. Keely, but was not quite ready to give the result of his investigations to the public. He affirms that the motor is all that is claimed, and that it will work a revolution in all branches of industry.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

Chief Clerk Avery and Colonel Holt Thought to be Innocent—C. F. Baldwin, of Ohio, Appointed Chief of Special Service of Pension Office—Death of Special Agent Lobdell—Return of Secretary Delano.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 9, 1875.

Charges Against Avery and Holt.

It is believed by many high Treasury officials that Chief Clerk Avery and Colonel Holt are innocent of dishonest complicity with the whisky frauds. Avery's name was mentioned to the Secretary in this connection some months ago, and the subject was then examined by him. Ex-Commissioner Douglass states to-night that McGrue was denounced by Avery to him eighteen months ago for attempting to obtain information surreptitiously, a fact which would indicate that a corrupt arrangement did not then exist between them.

Special Service Division of Pension Office.

Commissioner Atkinson has tendered to C. F. Baldwin, of Mount Vernon, Ohio, late Special Agent of the Postoffice Department, the position of Chief of the Special Service Division of the Pension Office, and he has accepted. The Commissioner intends to reorganize the special service force.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 9, 1875.

BEER MANUFACTURERS OUT OF POCKET.

The beer manufacturers who had taken out a $100 license to manufacture beer, finding the quantity manufactured by them required only a license of fifty dollars, made application for a refund to that amount. The matter being referred to the First Comptroller of the Treasury, that officer finds nothing in the law allowing such refund, and decides in opposition to the application of the manufacturers, who will contest the points in the courts.

CALL FOR NATIONAL BANK REPORTS.

The Comptroller of the Currency has called upon national banks for a report showing their condition at the close of business, Wednesday, June 30.

CERTAIN FIVE DOLLAR NOTES CALLED IN.

The Comptroller desires to retire all circulating notes of the denomination of five dollars, of the following banks, notes of that denomination having been successfully counterfeited: The First, Third and Traders' National Banks of Chicago; First National Bank of Paxton, Ill.; First National Bank of Canton, Ill. National banks throughout the country are requested to return all notes of these banks of the denomination of five dollars to the Treasury for redemption, and no additional issues of this denomination will hereafter be issued to these banks.

DEATH OF SPECIAL AGENT LOBDELL.

Daniel G. Lobdell, Supervising Special Agent of the Treasury Department, died this morning after a short illness, aged sixty-seven.

RETURN OF SECRETARY DELANO.

Secretary Delano returned to his duties at the Interior Department this morning.

Death of Francis P. Blair, Jr.

ST. LOUIS, July 9.—General Francis Preston Blair, Jr., died at half past eleven o'clock last night, surrounded by his family and a few intimate friends. He had been in a precarious condition for several months, but under the blood transfusing treatment grew stronger and improved. During the past few days he had taken frequent rides, and yesterday walked down stairs. His death came suddenly, and will be a surprise to many friends, who had hopes of his recovery.

It seems that the immediate cause of General Blair's death was a fall he received while walking from a room to a bath room in his house. He had been out for a drive in the afternoon, returned about five o'clock and seemed to have enjoyed it, and also received considerable benefit; but while walking in his room he was attacked with dizziness and fell, striking his temple against a piece of furniture, which rendered him insensible. Medical aid was immediately summoned and every effort made to restore him to consciousness, but without success, and at half-past eleven he quietly passed away, surrounded by all the members of his family. His physicians have been consulted for, and will probably arrive here in time for the funeral on Sunday. The family desire a quiet funeral, but members of the old Fifteenth Missouri Regiment, of which General Blair was the first colonel, have called a meeting and decided to accompany the remains of their old commander to the grave, and other organizations may determine to do likewise.

General Blair was a son of Francis Preston Blair, a prominent American journalist and politician, and brother of Montgomery Blair, of Maryland. He was born at Lexington, Kentucky, February 19, 1821, graduated at the College of New Jersey in 1841 and studied law in the office of Hon. Edward Bates, of St. Louis. Being in New Mexico, for his health, when hostilities broke out with Mexico, he entered our army as a private, and served till 1847. He was for some time editor of the *Missouri Democrat*, and was twice elected to the Missouri Legislature. In 1860 he was elected to Congress by the Republicans, and again in 1890 and 1862. He entered the army as colonel of volunteers in 1861, was appointed brigadier general August 7, and major general November 29, 1862. He served in the Vicksburg campaign, and participated in the March to the Sea, in command of the Seventeenth Corps. In 1868 he was appointed Collector of Customs at St. Louis, and a commissioner of the Pacific Railroad. In 1868 he was the Democratic candidate for Vice President, on the ticket with Horatio Seymour. In 1870 he was chosen United States Senator from Missouri, to fill a vacancy, his term expiring March 4, 1873.

FIRE RECORD.

St. Stephen, Maine—$35,000.

CALAIS, ME., July 9.—A fire in St. Stephen last night burned the Methodist church and some store property. Loss $35,000. Insurance light.

Middleport, Ohio—$39,000.

CINCINNATI, July 9.—The *Commercial's* Middleport, Ohio, special says a fire, at two o'clock this morning, destroyed nine business houses and three dwellings on Second street, between Rutland and Walnut. The following are the principal losses: William M. Swallow—stock, store-room and dwelling, $11,000; insurance $3,000. James Surties—wholesale liquors (where the fire originated), stock, $2,500; insurance $2,000. C. Downing, owner of building—$800; insurance $600. Hortinger Brothers—stock and building, $6,000; insurance $2,000. T. B. Lawson & Co.—stock, $6,000; no insurance. Shotwell heirs—building, $3,000, no insurance. D. T. Jones—stock and building, $3,800; insurance $4,000. Michael Brothers—$3,000; no insurance. M. J. Hamilton—$2,500; no insurance. Other smaller losses will aggregate about $5,000, with no insurance.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Probabilities for To-day.—For the Middle and Eastern States, falling barometer, southeast to southwest winds, partly cloudy weather and occasional rains.

Base Ball—At Louisville, St. Louis Reds 16, Louisville Olympics 0.

The Eastern editorial excursion has reached North Platte, Nebraska.

The Western Union Telegraph Company is ready to cash, at par and interest, its bonds maturing November 1.

Returns from the late election for members of the Legislature of Quebec have been received. The Government party claim a majority of fifteen, while the Opposition concede a majority of five.

A dispatch from Paris says the waters of the Rhone are rising and inundations are feared. The town of Lisieux and vicinity, in the department of Calvados, has been damaged to the amount of two million francs.

An official dispatch received at Havana, reports that on the 27th ult. a force of Spanish troops fought for two hours four hundred insurgents, posted in an advantageous position near Moran, and killed twenty-seven of them. The loss of the Spaniards was small. On the same day there was another engagement near Oenje, in which ten insurgents were killed.

TELEGRAPHIC PERSONALS.

William Armstrong, of Columbus, died suddenly at Omaha, Thursday night.

Sidney Dillon and his party of directors of the Union Pacific Railroad arrived at Omaha from the West, last evening.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* puts it in the following facetious language: "The weeping William of the Wissahickon will mingle his drooping branches with the stalwart boughs of the tall Sycamore of the Wabash, in the stormy blasts of the Buckeye wilderness, this fall. That is to say, Bill Kelley and Dan Voorhees are expected to take the stump in Ohio."

The wool clip in Nevada is unusually large this season and finds a ready sale.

SAD CASE OF SUICIDE.

A YOUNG WOMAN OF READING, OHIO, HANGS HERSELF.

Unrequited Love For a Young Man Inspires the Deed.

READING, OHIO, July 9.—Last Wednesday, Miss Catherine Koehl, a young woman twenty-two years of age, committed suicide on account of disappointment in love. Last Monday, Miss Koehl visited a picnic near Reading, and enjoyed the pleasure of the day to the utmost. On Wednesday, she did a large washing for her aunt, with whom she lived. Completing the task about 11 o'clock in the morning, she informed her aunt, whom she called mother, that she intended to go to the postoffice. Her absence continued until late in the afternoon before it was particularly noticed. Mrs. Koehl then became alarmed, and made fruitless inquiries as to her daughter's whereabouts. About 6 o'clock Wednesday evening some persons engaged in the search went to the barn on Mrs. Koehl's premises, and found the daughter hanging by a piece of clothes-line from a low beam, which she reached by standing on a box. Miss Koehl was highly esteemed by the people of the village, and her death created great sorrow among those who knew her intimately. Coroner Mack, yesterday morning went to the place at once and held an inquest. His jury, after examining a large number of witnesses, brought in a verdict of suicide. It was brought out in the testimony that the young woman was twenty-two years old, and that she was the daughter of an unmarried sister of Mrs. Koehl, and that her father was a farmer by the name of Brown. She had been born in Mrs. Koehl's house, adopted and brought up there by her aunt, whom she always called mother. Bernard Lichtenburg, a young blacksmith, had been visiting her very frequently for about six or eight months. In his testimony he said that they were not engaged to be married. During one of his visits last week, she asked him if he was going to marry her, and he told her no, that he was a Catholic and she a Protestant, he could not, as he must not marry out of the Church. She then told him that before July 6th she would leave the country or be would go to her funeral. On the body of the dead girl was found a letter to Ben Lichtenberg, her lover, in which she tells him that he was dearer to her than life; that she could not think of living without him. The responsibility for her death she threw upon his relatives, chose her pall-bearers, requested that she might wear in the grave the ring he gave her; begged that he would never marry, and hoped that he would meet her in the other world. The letter was written in German, in a pretty hand, and in quite good style.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

Statistics of the Trade of the United States.

The following statement showing the imports and exports of merchandise into and from the most important ports of the United States and the totals of all the ports during the month ended May 31, 1875, is furnished by the Chief of the Bureau of Statistics:

DISTRICTS.	Imports.—Specie value.	Exports.—Specie value.	Domestic exports, except specie, exports from Pac. coast.	Foreign exports, except specie.
Baltimore, Md.	$ 3,374,389	$ 2,113,878	$	6,700
Boston & Charlestown, Mass.	6,420,661	2,516,427		174,537
Key West, Fla.	92,903	106,120		1,545
New York	30,602,827	19,783,052		851,360
Niagara Falls	122,848	1,000		5,000
Oswego, N. Y.	60,231	113,655		
Philadelphia	3,091,228	2,501,878		1,856
Portland and Falmouth, Me.	222,826	92,037		36,799
San Francisco, Cal.	1,601,007	934,077		25,489
Savannah, Ga.	91,418	1,867,154		
Vermont	54,194	14,116		1,336
Vermont	211,087	31,833		
Willamette, Ore	64,436	99,798		140
All the ports, May, 1875	48,464,758	41,841,393		1,208,279
All the ports, May, 1874	51,242,848	62,302,029		3,118,240
Total for 11 months, ended May 31, 1875	490,444,228	473,558,486		14,116,105
Total for 11 months, ended May 31, 1874	546,648,917	636,024,218		21,920,412
Specie for May, 1875		1,208,575	8,880,763	1,292,500
Specie for 1874		1,926,623	12,841,490	3,118,240
Total specie for 11 mos. ending May, 1875	14,069,849	57,061,270		7,168,619
Total specie for 11 mos. ending May, 1874	27,461,320	51,317,166		6,921,921

The returns for May, 1875, from El Paso del Norte, Texas, Teche, La., and Alaska, A. T., have not been received.

CROP NOTES.

PENNSYLVANIA.

In Armstrong county the wheat is ripening, corn growing vigorously, and the oats promising well.

Much of the grass in the Lobanon Valley has been cut and put away for the winter. The crop is said to be much heavier than was expected a few weeks ago. The wheat, rye, corn and oats promise is very encouraging, and the yield will be larger than last year, the season having much improved the crop prospects.

Corn, oats and vegetables, though not having an early start, never looked more promising, and from present appearances a large crop is expected. The hay and wheat crop of Fayette county is far below the average, especially the latter, which is not much above one-fourth of an average crop. A portion of the new meadows are good, whilst here and there you will occasionally see a good wheat field, but a goodly number of them are almost an entire failure.—*Uniontown Genius.*

The farmers have commenced to cut their wheat. There will not be more than one-fourth as many bushels of wheat in this county this year as there were last. The oats crop will be at least three times larger than last year. The hay will also be larger than last year, although the clover has been almost a failure. But the rains which have fallen within the last four weeks have improved the timothy amazingly. The corn looks tolerably well and is growing rapidly.—*Greensburg Herald.*

The Oxford *Press* says: The best field of corn observed by a traveler on a tour through twelve townships of Chester county and portions of Delaware and Montgomery counties, is that of Richard White, in West Whiteland township, near Oakland, in Chester Valley. On Monday last the highest stalk measured six feet six inches, without measuring the blades; several measured over six feet, and the average on a field of six acres was fully four feet. The stalks were also very large in diameter, and a measurement of some of the widest blades showed the remarkable width of five and a half inches. At planting, which was done in early May, Mr. White applied to the hill a handful of domestic fertilizer—in his estimation far superior to the commercial article—viz., a mixture of cow-yard and hen-roost scrapings and ashes.

POLITICAL.

State.

Centre county has seventy-seven Democratic candidate for office.

The Democracy of Somerset county have nominated the following ticket: Prothonotary—John O. Kimmell; Sheriff—Samuel Wilt; Register and Recorder—I. O. Stoner; Treasurer—Jacob F. Walker; Commissioners—Henry Rauch, Park Philson; Poor House Director—Christian Miller; Auditors—George Thompson and W. F. Hoover.

General.

The *Ohio State Journal* says there is a formidable Democratic bolt in Lucking county.

The Democrats have about cleaned out Cincinnati. Those who follow the present Democratic administration must necessarily be honest. There will be nothing left to steal.—*Zanesville Courier.*

Dayton *Journal*: "A prominent Roman Catholic citizen of Dayton, united with the Episcopal church last Sunday, because he would not accede to the demands of his church to take his children from the public schools."

Governor Allen occasionally says a good thing. In his celebration speech, for instance, he remarked that "if you put an old silly fool into a high place you have your remedy at the ballot box." *Nemine contradicente.*—*Dayton Journal.*

A Democratic convention last week at Osceola, resolved that the suffering throughout the world was due to Republican mismanagement, and then took up a subscription amounting to eight dollars to relieve all the distress among the grasshopper districts throughout the West. By a singular coincidence, a neighboring saloon keeper took in exactly eight dollars about fifteen minutes after the subscription was taken.—*Burlington Hawkeye.*

The Largest and Cheapest FLOUR AND GROCERY HOUSE IN THE STATE.

Headquarters for WHITE RIVER FLOUR, IRISH SOAP, CHEESE, SALT, LIME, &c.

☞ No Retail House Connected.

FROM BUTLER, PA.

The Crops—Farmers' Prospects Brightening—End of a Ruffian's Career.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

BUTLER, PA., July 9, 1875.

We have had pleasant weather here for some time. The Fourth passed off quietly. Young America had their sports, but no serious accidents followed.

As we near the harvest time, the prospects of the farmers are looking brighter. Wheat will be about half a crop. The quality of the grain is excellent. Our county will turn out a nice crop of as pure timothy as I ever saw. Oats are an extra crop. Upon the whole the people are feeling comfortable.

The local event of the day is a shooting affair that occurred on Wednesday evening last. Two officers of this town went out to Modoc with a warrant for the arrest of "Andy Martin," this time charged with larceny. Martin has been one of the most notorious characters that the oil trade has thrust upon us. He has already been convicted of keeping a house of ill-fame, and associated with everything that is disorderly and unlawful. He lived, latterly, in Millerstown, but was concealing himself in the neighborhood of Modoc, keeping a horse and saddle near with which to make his escape when pursued by the officers of the law. On this occasion Officer McCoy went down to where Martin was supposed to be, leaving his associate, Baxter, to await developments at a distance. After a short struggle Martin gave up and agreed to go with McCoy. The latter let him go to get his coat. He then attempted to get his revolver in line, but a short struggle compelled him to desist. When out of doors he made another struggle for liberty, again reaching to his pocket for his revolver. McCoy, anticipating him, drew on him as he turned to flee; two balls passed from above the kidneys through his bowels. He lived till this morning, when he expired. The subject may be inquired into by the Grand Jury at our next term of court, but no harm is anticipated to the officer. A bad man has fallen.

***

OHIO NEWS.

A California colony is about to start from Wellington.

Chillicothe is about to be provided with an opera house.

A Harrison county woman has had nineteen children at seven births.

The Northern Ohio Fair will be held at Cleveland, September 13th to 18th inclusive.

A man named Elwarner was killed recently, at East Palestine, by falling into a well.

Mrs. Mary Mack, an aged woman, fell into the canal at Dayton, on Monday night, and was drowned.

Rev. Philip Brooks, of Boston, has been elected President of Kenyon College, with a salary of $5,000.

The Cleveland breakwater, work upon which will be shortly begun, will enclose about three hundred acres.

The Masons of Ravenna dedicated their new temple on last Thursday, and many people witnessed the ceremonies.

Van Wert has a man who is ninety-nine years old, and great care is being taken of him to preserve him for the centennial.

A group of five horses, standing under a tree near Castalia, Sandusky county, a few days since, were struck by lightning and instantly killed.

A German named Hartman, residing at Massilon, shot a man named Remy on the evening of the 5th, while he was engaged in smashing his windows.

During the celebration of the Fourth at West Unity, a man named Peter Krindle was killed by the premature discharge of a cannon. He leaves a family.

Preparations are in progress for the sixth annual camp-meeting, to be held by the Ohio State Camp-meeting Association, at Mansfield, August 25th and 26th, the public being invited.

A Medina physician, while peacefully engaged in robbing the grave of a dead negro, for "scientific" purposes, had an eye shot out by some unfeeling person who sought to retard the march of science.

A convention of colored journalists will be held in Cincinnati, August 2. As long as Ohio was to have the honor, it would seem to have been more natural to select Darke county as the place of meeting.

At Antwerp on the 2d, Josiah Strickland, a man over fifty years old, perpetrated a death-deserving outrage upon the little daughter of Mr. Hayden, of that place. The poor victim was only thirteen years old.

It is stated on excellent authority, the Cincinnati *Gazette* says, that Mr. John Shillito, of that city, is going to buy an organ for the proposed new Music Hall, at a cost of anywhere from $30,000 to $50,000.

The nineteenth annual meeting of the Fire Lands Historical Society was held at Norwalk last Wednesday. Addresses were delivered by Hon. J. M. Root, General Frank Hill, Lewis Sawyer and Hon. R. B. Hayes.

Recent heavy rains have so swollen the streams in Southern Ohio that nine bridges have been carried away on the Portsmouth branch of the Marietta and Cincinnati Railway, and the track is reported badly injured.

The army worm is making great havoc in Clark county, O., acres upon acres of advanced crops being entirely destroyed by the pest. Whole fields of rye are consumed in a few hours. Where the pest came from seems to be a mystery.

Mr. Frank Moore, of Bristolville, has a Cotswold sheep, one year old, that has furnished the champion fleece of the season. The clip weighed thirteen pounds, washed, and a sample of the wool measures nineteen inches.

E. Boyd and S. Fisk were struck by lightning at a picnic a few miles north of Urbana, on Saturday. They were insensible for several hours, but will probably recover, though they will bear the marks through life.

During a heavy thunder storm at Portsmouth, Sunday afternoon, Mrs. Jarvis was struck by lightning and instantly killed. She was fixing a water-spout leading to the cistern when the storm began, and a stroke of lightning came that ended her life.

William Renick, of Circleville, is the oldest and first cattle drover in the Western States. In 1825-26, Mr. R. sold cattle to Daniel Drew, now the well-known New York capitalist, who then kept the Bull's Head tavern, New York city, and who, with Richard Dempsey, of Philadelphia, was the first buyer of Western cattle.

The oldest convict in the Ohio Penitentiary is dead. He had been an inmate of that institution for thirty-eight years, under a life sentence, which was literally carried out. He went there comparatively young. Nearly all his adult life, reaching through two generations, was spent in rigorous confinement. His offense was murder in the paroxysm of passion, and for it he made this prodigious atonement of suffering.

"Bankers, bondholders and other animals," is the way Bill Allen classifies people. How do Democratic "bankers and bondholders" like it?

Inducements Offered

For cash and to prompt men on flour, groceries and general merchandise, at the Checkered Front.

OLD TEA HOUSE

TEAS, A SPECIALTY.

First Tea of the Season

The Commercial.

SATURDAY, JULY 10, 1875.

Republican State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JOHN F. HARTRANFT.
FOR STATE TREASURER,
HENRY RAWLE.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SHERIFF,
RICHARD H. FIFE, Mansfield.
FOR RECORDER,
RALPH J. RICHARDSON, City.
FOR REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY, City.
FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS,
WM. H. McCLEARY, City.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
JOHN McCLELLAND, West Deer.
AUGUSTUS BECKERT, City.
FOR CONTROLLER,
HENRY WARNER, Allegheny City.
FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JAMES W. BELL, Robinson.

THE completed count of gold coin in the United States Treasury vaults showed an excess of two dollars and a half over the amount claimed.

THE United States Circuit Court at Springfield, Illinois, has just decided that a foreign corporation cannot lawfully hold real estate in Illinois not necessary to the proper transaction of its business.

IT IS proposed to utilize the tall tower of the New York *Tribune* by hanging a string of bells around it which would sway and jingle in the wind, somewhat after the order of an Æolian harp. That's all right. But don't forget to include the cap, also.

THE shipping interests of Philadelphia are once more assuming a condition of healthy activity. This welcome movement, the *Ledger* says, is not confined to any single branch, but is general, extending to both the foreign and coastwise trade.

DAN VOORHEES, "the tall Sycamore of the Wabash," is about to take the Ohio stump for the rag baby platform and candidates. Ohio Democracy is sick enough, already. When the Hoosier "sycamore" gets through expounding himself it will be worse.

THE Cincinnati *Enquirer* is of opinion that "a little Western ignorance" is greatly needed in Minnesota. Why doesn't it pull up stakes and start for the land of the sky-tinted water at once? As a radiator of darkness the *Enquirer* is a pronounced success.

THE *Courier-Journal* says: "In conflicts of authority, State and Federal, criminals delight." That's rough on that paper's pet Democratic State judge, who is trying his utmost to provoke such a collision by trampling upon the provisions of the Federal law.

THE Republicans of Virginia are making a stout fight against the rascally policy of repudiation, which obtained a strong foothold in the last Legislature of that State, and which threatens to show its hideous face again at the next session of that delectable Democratic body.

THE *Post* has not a word of disapproval for the recent treasonable and almost blasphemous address of General PRESTON, of South Carolina, at the University of Virginia, in which he characterized the suppression of the rebellion as "the most unnatural crime GOD has permitted man to perpetrate."

AN OBSERVANT and intelligent gentleman who has just returned from an extended tour in Kansas, represents the Republican party there as more united and consequently stronger than for many years. He says the Democrats are so divided that they are hardly worthy to be recognized as an opposition.

THE cause of woman suffrage has made a notable gain in the Republican nomination for Supreme Judge of Iowa. The nominee is avowedly in favor of the enfranchisement of woman, and his wife is one of the most eloquent and earnest of all the women of that State who are working and canvassing for the cause.

THE Democratic papers of Ohio complain that Governor ALLEN couldn't attend the recent unveiling of the soldiers' monument in Hancock county, that State, without flings from the Republican press. It's only fair to say that the soldiers themselves couldn't attend to their business of putting down the rebellion without flings from Old BILL ALLEN.

A LONDON correspondent of an Eastern paper estimates the recent London mercantile failures as aggregating $40,000,000. Deducting their probable assets, which may reach five shillings in the pound, the total loss to creditors will be thirty millions, and this enormous loss must, in the nature of things, sooner or later cause other failures among those upon whom the losses have fallen.

A FEW weeks ago the whole country was notified that the Chicago *Courier*, an "Independent" paper of that city, had formally declared for the Democratic party, and that all its influence would thenceforward be exerted for the defeat of the Republican organization. At that time the par value of the stock of the paper was twenty-five dollars a share. These are now selling at twenty-five cents each.

IN THE case of the batch of Cincinnati Democratic city officers, indicted for embezzling the public funds, it has just been decided that there is no law in the State for punishing malfeasance on the part of municipal officials. The gang can therefore go on stealing the public moneys without fear of pains or penalties, until another assembly of law-makers is convened. They will unquestionably make fat use of their opportunity.

SPEAKING of the Fourth of July celebration in Augusta, Ga., the *Chronicle* of that city says: "It is a fact worthy of notice, and as pointing to the general bent, that a United States flag was borne in a white procession in this city for the first time since the war." This statement plays havoc with the repeated previous declarations of that paper that the people of that place and of the State generally were well-affected toward the North and the General Government. Better late than never—but why not before?

THE counting of the money in the United States Treasury at Washington has resulted in demonstrating that every thing was right, there. The cash on hand was only twenty dollars short, in one item, and $11 54 over in two others. All the reports, therefore, which have been so industriously circulated from time to time by the New York *Sun* and other sensation journals, that there was a ten million deficiency in the Treasury, are thus proved to be false, and the integrity of Treasurer SPINNER is thoroughly vindicated.

THE recent action of the Chicago Typographical Union in submitting to arbitration the question of a reduction in the rates of composition, and accepting without a murmur the award of such reduction, forms an excellent example for the various other trades unions to follow. The printers of that city, taking a common-sense view of the case, settled it without the delay and expense of a strike, and, without doubt, fare much better for it. The recent strikes of the Chicago coal heavers and rolling mill employees show the other side of the question. The *Inter-Ocean* says their position is infinitely worse than could have possibly resulted from the action of a board of arbitration, no matter how prejudiced they might have been.

SOME of the New York papers express the belief that there will be an active business market through this month and the next, which is contrary to the experience of past years. The reason alleged is that we have seen the worst of the depression in railroad traffic and the depreciation of the railroad stocks affected by the falling off in gross receipts, and the cost, in the way of expenses, at which the roads are operated; and, indeed, there are some symptoms that look more like a revival of business than anything that was experienced three months ago, when everybody was anticipating the beginning of the spring trade. The movement of the wool crop is now causing the distribution of a large amount of money throughout Wisconsin, Michigan, Indiana and Ohio. Then there is the increased movement of grain to the East. By this means the stock of wheat in store at Chicago has been reduced by nearly 1,000,000 bushels in the last week. There seems to be no doubt that the European demand for our breadstuffs will be much greater than was anticipated a month or two ago. It is now pretty certain that the grain crops of Hungary and Southern Russia have been so damaged by heavy rain storms and floods, that the wheat croop will be below the average. Still another favorable symptom is the prospect of large crops of cotton, sugar and rice in the Southern States, which seem to be preparing the way for a new era of prosperity in that section, and which will have the effect of producing an increased demand for Northern products and manufactured articles.

THIRD PARTIES.

The current number of *Harper's Weekly* contains an article on "Prohibition Politics," in which the Prohibition leaders are represented as saying that "drunkenness is now the chief curse of the country, as slavery was a few years ago. Neither of the great parties will deal radically with the subject, and we must therefore organize and vote until we compel one of them to accept our platform. That is the way the Liberty party men did with the Whigs and Democrats, and that is the course that we must pursue with the Democrats and Republicans."

This is, we know, a favorite theory with the politicians among the Prohibitionists; yet it has not the slightest foundation in fact. The Liberty party never did, in fact, compel either the Whigs or Democrats to accept its platform; and the last Whig national convention that was ever held, that of 1852, disgraced itself by adopting a thoroughly pro-slavery platform.

The Liberty party was organized in 1840, and it died, as a national organization, in 1847. It was very little, at the start, and but little larger when it died. It ran candidates for President in 1840 and 1844, and in 1847 it held a national gathering at Buffalo, which nominated JOHN P. HALE for President; but the subsequent organization of the Free Soil party, at Buffalo, in 1848, which nominated MARTIN VAN BUREN for President and CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS for Vice President, crowded the Liberty party to the wall, and the nomination of HALE fell stillborn.

The revolt from the Barnburners in New York from the Democratic party, in 1848, which culminated in the Free Soil organization, gave some force to the new movement, but it was of short duration. The Barnburners returned to the Democratic fold in 1849, and the Free Soil party kept up thereafter a weak and spiritless existence until 1852, when it supported HALE for President, and then its light went out altogether.

At the time when this last organization expired, instead of having brought either of the other parties to its views, it was, to all appearances, further off from accomplishing that result than at any time since the third party Anti-Slavery movement began in 1840. The Democratic party had, all along, been intensely pro-slavery, and if there was any change in it, the change was for the worse, not for the better. The Whig party, on the other hand, had occasionally shown some resistance to Southern demands, as was manifest in taking its stand upon the right of petition and against the annexation of Texas; but it got no credit from the Liberty party men for sincerity in taking this course, and in 1852, at the Baltimore Convention which nominated General SCOTT for President, it threw itself completely into the arms of the South. So that, after twelve years' experience in third party movements, the only noticeable result upon the other parties was that both had openly taken a pro-slavery position.

Indeed never, since the formation of the Government did Slavery seem so strong, or to have so firm a hold upon both political organizations, as it had in 1852. It felt perfectly secure, no matter which triumphed; and it was this sense of political security which prompted the slaveholders, in 1854, to propose and carry the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, the only legal barrier then existing to the spread of Slavery over the national territories. This compromise had been adopted in 1819, in deference to the then prevailing anti-slavery sentiment, and it was repealed in 1854 because the slaveholders felt politically strong enough to extend their institution over the Territories and carve out an indefinite number of slave States.

The Liberty party and Free Soil party had thus done nothing toward bringing the Whig or Democratic party to their platform. Both had, on the contrary, become avowedly pro-slavery, and, if the slaveholders had been content to let things remain as they were, and had not meddled with the Missouri Compromise, they would have been perfectly secure in their position. They forgot, however, that there is, deep down in every man's heart a strong natural detestation of oppresssion, in general, and of slavery, in particular, and they were tempted, by their strength, into an act of daring which ended in the destruction of their pet institution.

For it was *that* act—the repeal of the Missouri Compromise—which aroused the slumbering anti-slavery sentiment of the North. It was that sentiment which, in 1848, long before any third anti-slavery party was thought of, exacted the passage of the Missouri Compromise; and the repeal of it stirred up the Northern heart as it was never stirred before. This result was not brought about by the effect of a third political party acting upon the other two, but by the resuscitation of a sentiment that had lain apparently dead for thirty-five years.

The Republican party, as a national organization, was formed in this city on the 22d of February, 1856. There were loud mutterings of discontent in 1854 at the high-handed acts of the slaveholders, which grew still louder in 1855; but they did not become effective until 1856. Then the great masses of the people—not the Whig and Democratic parties, but the people—rose up and asserted their faith in humanity and their devotion to liberty; and they were moved to this act, not because converted by the two anti-slavery political parties that died in 1847 and 1852, but because their natural sense of justice and right had been outraged.

We honor the men who, in their day, breasted the pro-slavery current and upheld the natural rights of man; but it is idle to claim that their political action ever produced the slightest effect upon the other political parties of the day. Whatever good they did was done by their efforts to enlighten the public conscience and to make clear to public comprehension the enormities of slavery. They made and they developed anti-slavery sentiment; but they did it by their persistent teaching of the truth, and not by their separate political action.

THE sudden and strict enforcement of the new regulations in regard to fashionable smuggling, in New York, is reported as causing great fluttering, both at that port and in Paris. The indications seem to be that the regular dealings carried on between parties in Paris and a large list of customers in New York have been on a much larger scale than has heretofore been supposed. The breaking up of important operations in the illicit trade, and interfering with the filling of many orders given in fashionable circles early in the spring, with a view to display during the watering place season, have, the Treasury Department has information, sadly interfered with the elaborate arrangements of quite a large force of fashionable people, most of them the wives, daughters, sisters or relatives of prominent "revenue reformers." If they could be brought down to homespun it would be still better.

OHIO has a very excellent law, known as the "Worthington law," which provides that no municipality shall order any work to be done unless it has, at the time the work is ordered, money enough in the Treasury to pay for it when done; and any municipal officer who may order or contract for anything to be done for the municipality, without securing beforehand a provision for paying for it, becomes individually liable for the indebtedness so contracted. The Supreme Court has sustained the constitutionality of this act; and although it gives a great deal of trouble to the Democratic officeholders in the cities of that State, it is so thorough a protection to the taxpayers that we hope to see it prevail, not merely in Ohio, but throughout the country. It is based upon the correct principle of pay as you go, and buy nothing you are not able to pay for.

THE United States Official Postal Guide for July has come to hand. It is revised and published quarterly, by authority of the Postoffice Department, and is almost invaluable as a book of reference in postal matters. H. O. Houghton & Co., Boston, are the publishers. Terms, fifty cents per copy, or $1 50 per year.

The world at large cannot complain, certainly, of any lack of Bibles. Over 68,000 copies were distributed by the American Bible Society last month.

AN ANNIVERSARY HYMN.

BY WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT.

As shadows cast by cloud and sun,
Flit o'er the summer grass,
So, in thy sight, Almighty One!
Earth's generations pass.

And while the years, an endless host,
Come pressing swiftly on,
The brightest names that earth can boast
Just glisten, and are gone.

Yet doth the Star of Bethlehem shed
A lustre pure and sweet;
And still it leads, as once it led,
To the Messiah's feet.

And deeply, at this later day,
Our hearts rejoice to see
How children, guided by its ray,
Come to the Savior's knee.

O Father, may that holy Star
Grow every year more bright,
And send its glorious beam afar
To fill the world with light.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

The drowning season has set in with unusual severity.

The apple crop in Indiana this year, it is feared, will be a complete failure.

An additional submarine wire is to be laid at once between Cuba and Florida.

There is a very urgent demand for harvest hands in all sections of the country.

Peach shipments to New York from Savannah in refrigerator cars began on the 3d.

The camp-meeting season has begun, and the "anxious seats" begin to have some occupants.

Williams College, Mass., has done credit to itself in confering the degree of LL.D. upon John Bright.

The fashionable pastime among wealthy New York male fools this summer is that of sailing toy boats.

The heads of several leading families in Belgium have lately renounced Romanism and become Protestants.

The Canadian Government has just ordered 1,172 car trucks and 200 coal cars for the Intercolonial Railway.

Some of the New York census enumerators have classed men, women and children all under the head of "native voters."

The old *Sunday Times* of New York has just passed into the hands of the son of the original Mr. Noah who founded the paper.

A coronor's jury of New Orleans gamblers brought in a verdict on a man found drowned that "he died on the square, without a split or stand-off."

The higher education. Great progress has been made in the Eastern colleges the past year in the base ball and boating departments of the curriculum.

The Carson, Nevada, mint has treated 4,000,000 ounces of silver and 210,000 ounces of gold during the last year, double the business of the previous year.

Needle work is resuming its place as a fine art in England, where a "royal school of art needle work" has just been added to the South Kensington Museum.

The Salt Lake *Tribune* charges that Brigham Young and the lesser priestly thieves have stolen lumber to the value of $3,000,000 from the Government.

The total amount of national bank notes redeemed and assorted by the National Bank Redemption Agency during the year ending June 30th, was $130,322,945.

There are declared to be thousands of miles of expensive railways in the South which it would be ruinous to accept as a free gift under the obligation to run them.

Sir John Swinburne, a trustee of some of the Atlantic and Great Western bonds, reports that the road is a complete wreck, having been swindled in every direction.

That "fraternal camp meeting" at Round Lake is a good thing, as well as a big one. It is a genuine, thorough-going reunion of the great Methodist bodies, North and South.

The troubles of Connecticut agriculturists are now increasing by the ants, which have begun chewing tobacco in some localities, and in several cases destroyed the entire crop.

The United States Government has been in the market for coal within a few days, and is the purchaser of some 15,000 tons for the various navy yards on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts.

When we reflect that "beauty draws as with a single hair," it is absolutely bewildering to compute the attractive force of 200,000 of them, which is said to be the number of a woman's.

A young lady named Swalm delivered the Fourth of July oration at Boone, Iowa. And it is said that she swalm in the billowy metaphors as well as any other boon companion could have done.

A new horse disease has broken out among the Eastern equines, by which the hind part of the animal becomes paralyzed, while it froths at the mouth, and no remedy has yet been found.

All the reports from the pineries on the Upper Mississippi and its tributaries show that the drives are in the average good, notwithstanding the earlier reports indicated a light crop for this season.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company have laid out a town in DeKalb county, Indiana, which they have named after the President of the road. They intend to build some immense shops there.

A Western physician has just discharged a case of confluent small pox, without a pit. He painted the face of his patient with collodion and ivory black, applied as often as necessary to keep up a complete mask.

The other day, when the Sultan of Turkostan saw the splendid buildings of St. Thomas' Hospital, in London, he said: "The poor who are ill inhabit these places; where do the poor who are not ill dwell?" There was a sharp sting in that.

A Long Island farmer, whose fields have been overrun with the potato bug, adopts the plan of going through the rows with a horse and plow, the whiffle-tree of which knocks off the bugs, which are turned over and buried hopelessly in a whiffle.

A patriotic Boston girl has written a letter to the Fifth Maryland regiment, complimenting them on their bearing at Boston, June 17, and in return has been elected a life honorary member of the organization. She will be elected a life partner of some member, yet.

PERSONAL.

George Kent, of Amherst, Mass., a deaf and dumb man, who is also almost helplessly lame, has caught with a hook eight hundred and eighty trout for the Boston markets this season, besides seventeen hundred and sixty fish of other varieties.

The oldest woman on Long Island is in her one hundred and seventh year. Her general health is very good, but her vision is somewhat impaired, owing probably to a weakness she has for snuff and whisky. Her case should be a warning against the "weed" and the "worm." It is believed that if she does not reform, she will die.

A letter from John C. Calhoun to an office-seeker has just been unearthed, which was written fifty-five years ago, and in which the father of secession expressed satisfaction at the growing Union sentiment of the North. He thought the Union a good thing until, as he supposed, and correctly, too, that its preservation would involve the abolition of slavery. It was only then that he took his stand for State sovereignty.

"Sister" Amanda Smith, as she is called, a colored woman from Philadelphia, known throughout the denomination as a revivalist, is the center of curiosity at the Round Lake camp meeting. She made a long exhortation on Sunday afternoon, and no other speaker enchained the audience as she did. She is fluent, thoroughly in earnest, with an *abandon* which is perfect. Her education is limited, but nature gave her oratorical gifts of a superior order.

According to the Springfield *Republican*, the fate of the Pomeroy boy is not settled yet, by any means, the action of the Governor's Council against him being purely advisory. If Governor Gaston is opposed to the execution of the boy, he will probably continue to withhold the warrant on which alone can the extreme penalty be inflicted. The Governor's Council were evenly divided on the question of commutation, but Lieutenant Governor Knight cast his vote against it. The demand for blood seems to be quieting down a little at Boston, now that Pemberton has been found guilty and is likely to meet the extreme penalty of the law.

The Queen of Holland is visiting England. She is a woman of talent and cultivated tastes, and takes a deep interest in literature and art. When our historian, Motley, was engaged on his Dutch histories, the Queen provided him with a vessel of state, the Hague, and with every facility for pursuing his researches in the national archives, and she has also shown her sympathy with literature in other ways. She has personal acquaintances of all classes in England, and went over for the sake of a "good talk." She has put up at a hotel, and avoids any approach to state as much as possible. Her great delight is to get as many clever people together as she can, and hear what they have to say.

Several Presidental candidates have come to grief recently. They should follow the example of the pious negro preacher, and "how humbly to de dispensations of a wise but unscrupulous Providence." The darky's phraseology doubtless best interprets their feelings.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE CHARACTER AND LOGICAL METHOD OF POLITICAL ECONOMY. By J. E. Cairnes, LL. D., Emeritus Professor of Political Economy in University College, London. Published by Harper & Bros., New York. For sale by S. A. Clarke & Co., Pittsburgh.

It is pretty generally conceded that Professor Cairnes is the ablest British writer living on political economy, and that his investigations are entitled to profound respect. This work is the fruit of lectures delivered years ago in Dublin, but so completely recast, as to have all the freshness of the present advanced views. The chief features of excellence in these valuable lectures are the clear and lucid discussion of the problem of political economy, without wasting time in assailing the views of others. This valuable work ought to enhance the great reputation of Mr. Cairnes, as it is really a contribution to the subject under discussion.

SIGNA: A story. By "Ouidy," author of "Under Two Flags" &c. Published by J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia. For sale by R. S. Davis & Co., Pittsburgh. There is a peculiar charm in the style of "Ouida," that is fascinating, and it is seen in all her writings. This story abounds in a species of epigramatic word-painting, that is incisive, penetrating and arrests the readers attention and sets him to thinking. The plot has all the warmth and intricacies of sunny Italy, and "Signa," with the bright galaxy revolving around this central character, is portrayed with artistic skill. Strong emotions are roused in the heart of the reader by the vivid pictures of this gifted writer. The sallies of wisdom and wit, are "toothsome" to lovers of high-toned literature.

CHRISTIAN MISSIONS. By Rev. Julius H. Seelye, Professor in Amherst College. Published by Dodd & Mead, New York. For sale by W. W. Waters, Pittsburgh.

It is rarely that we find one so well qualified to treat this grand theme as Prof. Seelye, who has acquired a thorough knowledge by personal inspection of the foreign field and has familiarized himself with the subject at home. These lectures were delivered before the theological seminaries at Yale and Andover. In the presentation of the question the view is urged that the Gospel alone is adequate to improve the world, and that it is clearly manifest that no nation has ever risen by its own force alone from a lower to a higher state. He repudiates the idea that civilization should precede the Christianization of heathens. It is a work of decided merit and will go far toward advancing this noble cause in the minds of all readers.

THE GREEN GATE. A romance. From the German of Ernst Wichert, by Mrs. A. L. Wister, translator of "The Old Mamselle's Secret." Published by J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia. For sale by R. S. Davis & Co., Pittsburgh.

Lovers of high-toned romance have been largely indebted to Mrs. Wister for some of the best and most fascinating novels of the day, and the German flavor has given fresh zest to their appetite. This story, like her previous translations, is high-toned in sentiment, with an attractive plot, and characters well drawn. Those who have read the powerful romances, "The Second Wife," and "Hulda," need no further urging to read "The Green Gate." This lady is exceedingly happy as a translator from the German.

A DOUBLE STORY. By George Macdonald. Published by Dodd & Mead, New York. For sale by W. W. Waters, Pittsburgh.

There is a weird-like and fairy sort of a style about this story, that will charm young people, and the *gist* of it is to inculcate pure lessons upon the mind of childhood. It is written with all the grace of this noted Scottish novelist, and is calculated to benefit even persons of riper years. The book is elegantly robed in "drab," with elaborate black and gold tracings, like the "Saunterer's Series."

ART IDYL OF WORK. By Lucy Larcom. Published by James R. Osgood & Co., Boston. For sale by R. S. Davis & Co., Pittsburgh.

Perhaps the title is more for the purpose of a thread to hang the story of bygone years than as a true indication of the real merits of this "Idyl." This story or verse carries the reader back to the halycon days, thirty years ago, of New England factory-life, quite a different thing now to that period. Then daughters to the "manor born," were queens of the spindles, and their culture and talents were developed through the "Lowell Offering," which once flourished and now lives only in the memory of thousands. Miss Larcom was once a factory girl, and writes in a style attained by personal experience. This "Idyl" must not be viewed for its artistic features so much as the purity and aim in view by the author. The author of "Hannah Binding Shoes" is incapable of producing a poor work, and this one has much to call forth admiration and praise.

ONE SUMMER. Published by James R. Osgood & Co., Boston. For sale by R. S. Davis & Co., Pittsburgh.

Just the book to put into a satchel, going on a jaunt, and no outfit in a "Saratoga" trunk is complete without a copy of "One Summer." It is one of the breezy sort of Osgood's "Saunterer's Series." It is brimful of delicious bits, with snatches of rollicking humor, and sparkling hits. Handy size and sold at a low price. Reader, get a copy.

STATE NEWS.

Reading dandies are said to wear corsets.

There is talk of establishing a new Democratic paper in Waynesburg.

Millville borough, Cambria county, has been divided into two wards.

The new M. E. church at Stroudsburg will be dedicated on Sunday, July 25th.

The recent burglaries in Altoona were committed by boys, all of whom have been arrested.

The Delaware County *Republican* is receiving proposals for the erection of a new printing office.

Seven centenarians have died in Philadelphia during the past six months—three men and four women.

Mr. William Mulhall, of Uniontown, was thrown from a buggy on the 5th inst., and fatally injured.

Miss Susie Dickinson, sister of Anna, is making her home at Pittston this summer, being engaged in literary labors.

The State prison at Philadelphia has stopped cigar making, being unable to compete with the Connecticut institution.

The tax rate in Reading is to be six mills on first-class property, four mills on second class, and three mills on third-class property.

The auditors' report of the accounts of the borough of Pottsville shows liabilities amounting to $49,554 09 and assets $38,706 12.

The publication of the *Sunday Tribune*—a journal of marked ability and excellence—has been revived in Philadelphia after a year's suspension.

There were fourteen deaths in Reading during the week ending on the 7th inst., none of them being between the ages of three and fifty years.

Mr. Samuel King, of Williams township, Northampton county, committed suicide by drowning a few days ago. He was seventy-five years old.

George Graeff, a miner, of Mahanoy City, placed a pistol against his forehead, said "good-bye" to his wife, and pulled the trigger. He's dead now.

About a ton of "Ringing Rocks" has been shipped from Montgomery county to Fairmount Park, to form a feature of the Centennial Exhibition.

Scarlet fever is prevailing to an alarming extent in Woodcock borough, Crawford county. Several fatal cases have occurred within the last few weeks.

A cat belonging to Mr. King, of Williston, Chester county, gave birth to six kittens, of which two resembled after the manner of the Siamese twins.

William Fry, hailing from the neighborhood of Mount Joy, Lancaster county, dropped dead on Wednesday afternoon, at Annville, Lebanon county.

On Friday last, in West Nottingham township, Chester connty, John Drennan, a soldier of the war of 1812, died at his home at the advanced age of eighty-four years.

The Bethlehem *Times* says that a most fatal disease has made its appearance among the swine of that section. The first symptoms are a refusal to eat, then a swelling of the snout, which lasts two or three days; then they die by suffocation.

John Stanley, a prominent citizen of Lebanon, died on the morning of the 8th inst. He was a school director, leader of the Perseverance Band, and a member of the Odd Fellows and Masonic fraternities. He was a native of Birdsboro, and some years ago resided at Pottstown.

A young woman in Cambria county had a severe fall, about six years ago, breaking one of her front teeth and losing the fragment. The other day she was seized with a fit of sneezing, in the course of which, as she avers, the broken piece of tooth flew out of her nose.

The Harrisburg *Patriot* of the 9th inst. says: Alexander Longdon, of this city, has been missing since the 2d of June. Two of his children are very ill, and his family are in great distress at his disappearance. Exchanges will receive the thanks of the family by referring to the fact that Mr. L. is missing.

The Chicago *Journal* says: Mr. W. W. Davis, who has been for some years the *Journal's* correspondent "Shenstone" at Sterling, Ill., has gone to Lancaster, Pa., to accept the position of assistant editor of the *Daily Express* of that city. Mr. Davis is a natural-born journalist.

Miss Mary Rhode, of Slabtown, six miles east of York, is represented to be the smallest person in the State. She measures 33 inches, weighs 30 pounds and is 18 years and ten months old. Her memory is good, but she talks like a child two years old, the age at which she stopped growing.

Some days since Mr. George Miller, of Montoursville, now aged eighty three years, concluded that he would visit Milton. He started and walked the entire distance. On Sunday he started on his return soon after eight o'clock, and arrived at his home about four o'clock in the afternoon, having walked the whole way.

At a recent wedding in Horsham, Montgomery county, the bride was Hannah and the groom Charles. There were two wedding cakes bearing the mottoes respectively: "Welcome home, Hannah," and "Trust in the Lord, Charles." Some of the guests put the two sentiments together and thought the idea conveyed was decidedly hard on Hannah.

Says the Allentown *Chronicle*: A daughter was born the other day into the family of Mr. Charles Hanke, the musician, son of Mr. John Hanke, and that child has six living grandmothers, the oldest running up to great-great. A situation like this in regard to grandmothers is most unusual, and we do not know that we ever heard of a similar instance.

A Bernville, Berks county, correspondent writes: It is is reported that not less than twenty-five persons are lying sick in Stouchsburg. They all attended Elias Klopp's funeral last week, and it is supposed they were poisoned by the ice water used there, which was kept in a tub which formerly contained potash soap. Some of them suffer severely, and the matter causes much excitement.

The Perry County *Democrat* says: "Such a crop of grain as is now maturing in this county has never been seen by that veritable individual, the 'oldest inhabitant.' It will be largely in excess of the need for home consumption, and, if harvested in good condition, will tend greatly to replenish many pocket-books for some time depleted. The grass crop is also very promising, and a large quantity of hay is being made."

The Waynesburg *Republican* says: Christina Lutz died recently in Dunkard township, this county, aged ninety-one years. Her maiden name was Kramer. She had been married twice. Her first husband, Major Scott, of the regular army, was stationed at this place in the year 1812, recruiting and sending troops to General Harrison. He subsequently died at Portsmouth, Ohio. Her second husband was a Mr. Lutz, and did not long survive her. She was a remarkable healthy lady, never having occasion to take but a few doses of medicine in her long and eventful life.

The Potter *Enterprise* says: Samuel Losey, of Pike township, Potter county, is now one hundred and two years and seven months old, and is, without doubt, the oldest person now living in Northwestern Pennsylvania. He is hale and hearty, but has been blind for many years. His mind is good and recollection clear in regard to the persons and events of the early days of Tioga and Potter counties. Mr. Losey came to Potter county about sixty-three years ago, and settled where he resides, on Pine creek, built the first saw mill on the waters of that stream, but before he had derived any benefit from his labor and expenses the mill was burned. For a period of seventy-five years he has taken no medicine and has never called a physician for himself during this long period, except when his eyes began to fail him; remedies were then prepared for them and he applied them. His constitution and history are full of interest and romance; his clear mind and distinct recollection is wonderful. Dates, events and persons are all fixed and named with certainty. He names all the first settlers of Tioga, fixes their places of residence and can tell whether they are living or dead. He is one of the very few persons now living that ever saw the great and good "Father of his Country," and there cannot be many now living who were born before the revolutionary waractually commenced. If Mr. Losey is living next year he should be taken to the Centennial.

A Revengeful Organ.

The stomach is a revengeful organ. If we assign it indigestible food, it not only refuses to perform its office, but inflicts upon us unspeakable tortures, such as those of indigestion, colic, cholera morbus, &c. Not content with giving us pain, it frequently inaugurates an excessive and wasting diarrhœa, called dysentery, which carries us to our graves. With a view to prevent these calamities, as soon as the stomach gives notice by premonitory twinges that its cargo is not to its liking, a wineglassful or two of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters should be swallowed. This admirable digestive cordial will promptly reconcile the refractory organ to its contents, and prevent any of those unpleasant results which always attends the presence of indigestible food in the stomach is likely to produce. The Bitters are also a superb tonic, restorative and appetizer.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
Assets January 1, 1873 - $778,251 56.
CHARTERED IN 1869.
Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 8 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of SIX PER CENT. computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Book of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
BOARD OF MANAGERS.
GEO. A. BERRY, President.
JOHN DARLINGTON, Pa., Vice Presidents.
D. E. McKINLEY, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, Jr., Graham, S. S. Brown, W. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahn, G. Jollanshee, Jacob Painter, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
John B. Bailey, Solicitor.

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO.,
43 South Diamond St., Allegheny City.
W. M. MARTIN.....President.
JAMES E. STEVENSON.....Secretary.

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In Girard Bank Building, Allegheny,
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The oldest and most reliable institution for obtaining a Mercantile Education.
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Pennsylvania Military Academy,
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Session opens WEDNESDAY, September 8. Location elevated and healthful, grounds ample; buildings handsome and commodious. Course of Studies extensive. Thorough instruction in Civil and Mechanical Engineering, the Classics and English. Careful oversight of morals and manners of cadets. For Circulars apply to
COL. THEO. HYATT, President.

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until THURSDAY, July 15, at 5 P. M., for Paving the Sidewalks of Brownsville and Washington avenues with Brick, under the provisions of an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act for the improvement of Penn avenue and other streets and alleys in the City of Pittsburgh," approved April 2, 1870, and an Ordinance of the Councils of said city passed May 24, 1875, providing for Grading, Paving and Curbing of Brownsville avenue from Carson street to Washington avenue, and Washington avenue from Brownsville avenue to Beltzhoover avenue.
Pavements to be laid in widths, and amounting in all to about 9,800 square yards.
Proposals can be left with CHARLES REA, the Secretary of the Commission, at the office of Robinson, Rea & Co., Carson street, South Side, where specifications can be seen.
T. S. MAPLE,
GEO. T. ROBINSON,
D. P. PHILLIPS,
A. P. NORTON,
ELI SCHECK,
Commissioners.
OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., July 7, 1875.

NOTICE TO COPYISTS.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until the 19th instant, inclusive, for Transcribing the Registry Books and Transcripts of names of the several Election Districts of the County of Allegheny.
HENRY WARNER, Controller.
Per HENRY SNIVELY, Clerk.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, JUNE 27, 1875.
PROPOSALS.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Superintendent Pittsburgh Division Pennsylvania Railroad until JULY 10TH, for the construction and supply of material for
Stone Work for Hiland Avenue Bridge.
The Company reserves the right to reject any or all bids. All proposals to be directed to the undersigned, care Superintendent Pittsburgh Division Pennsylvania Railroad, corner Liberty and Twenty-sixth streets, where plans and specifications can be seen.
JOS. M. WILSON,
Engineer Bridges and Buildings.

USE SAWYER'S BARBERS' SOAP

DRY GOODS.

SATURDAY, JULY 10,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY
Summer Dress Goods.
REMARKABLE BARGAINS
Will be Offered in New and Desirable Goods, from Lowest to Finest Qualities.
At 12½c, Fine Dress Linens, well worth 25c.
At 12½c, Grenadines, usually sold at 25c.
At 8½c, Striped Linen Suitings, worth 25c.
At 6½c, Good Black Hernanies.
At 12½c, Desirable Summer Dress Goods.
At 18½c, Fine Mohair Lustres.
At 18½c to 37½c, Most Decided Bargains in Grenadines and Hernanies.
At 50c, Fine Satin Striped Grenadines, usually sold at $1 00 and $1 25.
Special Bargains in DeBeges, Plaids, &c.
Black Mohair Alpacas at one-third under usual prices.
Bargains in Black All-wool Cashmeres.
Bargains in Dress Linens of all qualities.
Bargains in Fine Dress Goods of every description.
Black and Colored Dress Silks.
At 81 00, 81 25 and 81 50, Bargains in Black Silks.
At 81 75 to 82 00, Bargains in Best Black Silks, Plain and Striped Dress Silks at very low prices.
Ladies, Misses and Children's
READY MADE
SUMMER SUITS, DRESSES, &c.,
AT LESS THAN VALUE OF MATERIAL.
Lace Sacques, Shawls, &c.
Cashmere and Silk Sacques, &c.
Summer Shawls, &c.

DRY GOODS.

Jas. Caldwell AND Co
Have Just Opened at their
NEW STORE,
115 AND 117 Federal St.,
ALLEGHENY.
A LARGE AND VERY ATTRACTIVE STOCK OF
SEASONABLE
DRY GOODS,
Which Buyers will find well worthy of Inspection before making their purchases.
BLACK SILKS,
Of the Most Popular Brands, ranging in price from 75 cents per yard to $5 00.
FANCY SILKS,
IN STRIPES, CHECKS AND PLAIN COLORS
ALL THE NEW DESIGNS IN
DRESS GOODS,
For Suits and Costumes.
BLACK DRESS FABRICS,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
ALL-WOOL CASHMERES,
SILK WARP CASHMERES,
HENRIETTA CLOTHS,
BOMBAZINES, TAMISE CLOTHS,
WOOL DELAINES,
MOHAIR LUSTRES,
BRILLIANTEENS AND ALPACAS.
Black Grenadines & Hernanis.
NEW STYLES IN
Spring Shawls, Suits and Costumes
THE NEW CUIRASS AND TABLIER, made up and in

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.

PARTIES DESIRING TO SELL

Allegheny Valley R. R. Income Bonds,

Will find it to their interest to call on or address

C. D. HILL,

Pgh. No. 100 FOURTH AVE., Pittsburgh.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FRIDAY EVENING, July 9, 1875.

The supply of money and the rate of discount remains without any material change since our last report. A slightly disturbing element is found in the announcement of the suspension of Gerry, Tilton & Caldwell, iron brokers of New York, which compelled the Pittsburgh Bolt Company to make an assignment. The former firm are said to owe largely to iron manufacturers of the Shenango and Mahoning Valleys, while the paper of the latter company is chiefly held here. We understand that most of this paper held by the banks has an individual indorser, who is in turn secured by a mortgage on the works of the concern. Aside from the feeling of sympathy felt by the business community for the officers and stockholders of the Bolt Company personally, for their energetic and brave fight against the depression which has affected all branches of the iron market, the disturbing effect on the tone of the market generally is bad, causing the growing feeling of confidence and hopefulness to be checked and retarded in its development.

—A correspondent writes us calling attention to the fact that United States bonds were quoted a little over two years ago at from 90 to 92 in London, and that now they are quoted at 109 for the same issues, when there is not a corresponding change in the (gold) quotations on this side, and asks for the reason of the change.

Our correspondent seems to have overlooked that fact that the method of rating the par of exchange was changed by statute, March 3, 1873.

Before that time it was one of the standing puzzles of trade that, comparing the pure gold in our dollar with that in the sovereign, exchange when at par on this basis was rated at 9½ per cent. premium and United States bonds, if also at real par, were sold in London at nearly the same discount.

As far back as 1704, a proclamation was issued by Queen Anne announcing that the assays showed the value of the Spanish dollar to be 54 pence. From that time to April 1, 1873, in all transactions of exchange or securities between this country and England, this par value of the dollar has been assumed. In the meantime the Spanish silver dollar has been replaced by the United States gold dollar, and the sterling silver pound with which it was compared has given way to a gold standard. As a matter of fact, the United States gold dollar is worth 49 5-16 pence sterling and the conventional dollar of 54 pence was consequently overvalued 9½ per cent.; hence in the old quotations of exchange on London at 109½ was in reality at par, since 109½ multiplied by 49 5-16 pence is equal to 54 pence. Thus a United States bond at par in London was quoted at 91 5-16 per cent., since 91 5-16 multiplied by 54d. is equal to 49 5-16d. Under this system our bonds when really at par were quoted at 8½ per cent. less than the real price.

The act of March 3, 1873, declared that "all contracts based on an assumed par of exchange with Great Britain of 54d. to the dollar shall be void," and that thereafter the true par at £1=$4.8665.

It is under this law that bonds are now quoted correctly, on the same basis as in New York, the only difference being that the London quotation is in gold, and that of New York is in United States currency.

—A London journal gives the details of preparations by which are produced those changeable inks which have been adopted with much success by some of the most extensive bank note printers—lithographic inks which change their color on the application of an acid, and thus prevent any tampering with checks, as any such process by which the latter had been subjected would be discovered at sight.

In the composition of black ink for this purpose, the process consists in taking a quantity of the best nut-galls and bruising them into small pieces; a decoction is made and this is strained from the galls after being well boiled, and an equal quantity of a strong decoction of logwood mixed with it, after being strained free from chips and other extraneous matter. Sulphate of iron is added, which precipitates the principle coloring matter of the logwood, and which gives intensity of color to the black precipitate of the galls and copperas. This mixture is stirred until the alum and copperas are dissolved, then left to subside and the clear liquor poured off. When the precipitate is slowly dried an intensely black powder remains.

Now, in making the changeable ink, the method pursued is, to take two parts of balsam copaiba and one part of spirits of turpentine, adding to this as much of the black powder above described as will make the mass of a proper consistency, and it is finally necessary to grind to the usual fineness and the ink is ready for use: any lines printed will immediately change color under the application of oxalicic. A crimson colored ink, changing its tint instantaneously on an acid being applied, is made with the addition of a sesquinormal ground in varnish.

OFFICE OF TRADE & STONE,
BANKERS AND BROKERS, No. 7 NEW STREET.
NEW YORK, July 8, 1875.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

The stock market is without any particular change in its tone, although we have to note a slight concession in prices for the active stocks. Lake Shore and Pacific Mail have kept well together in their fluctuations, but Western Union Telegraph has exhibited more firmness than either.

At times there has been a disposition to sell the market down, but the covering of the novel shorts at each decline has caused quick recovery in quotations.

From the appearance of the market to-day we are now inclined to think that at every concession in prices stocks are purchased, and it begins to look as if a bull movement was imminent.

We are the more impressed with this view when we recall to mind that the last rise in stocks followed upon similar indications as we are now having. We do not believe in "manipulation" altogether in speculation, but we cannot ignore the fact that these indications are the ones usually resorted to when engineering a bull market.

We hear very encouraging reports from the interior, both as to business and crop prospects, and think that the indications point to the next decided movement in stocks will be upward, and we should not be surprised to witness an early resumption of to special activity in our market.

Yours truly, TRASK & STONE.

—The following table shows the prices of gold, Government bonds, railway stocks, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day. Furnished by the Fifth National Bank, No. 16 Sixth street:

July 9, 1875.	10:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	12:30 P. M.	1:30 P. M.	2:30 P. M.	3:30 P. M.
Gold	116¼	116⅛	116¼	116⅛	116¼	116⅛
U. S. 6-s, 1881, coupon	120	120	120	120	120	120
5-20's, 1862	117	117	117			117
5-20's, 1864	120¾	120¾	120¾			120¾
5-20's, 1865	121¾	121¾	121¾			121¾
5-20's, 1865, new	120¾	120¾	120¾			120¾
5-20's, 1867, registered	121	121	121			121
5-20's, 1867, coupon	121¾	121¾	121¾			121¾
5-20's, 1868	121¾	121¾	121¾			121¾
10-40's, registered	118	118	118			118
10-40's, coupon	118¾	118¾	118¾			118¾
Currency 6's	117	117	117			117
New 5-per cents	117	117	117			117
Western Union Tel	90	90	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼
Quicksilver	16	16	16			16
Pacific Mail	40	40	40	40	40	40
Paciric R. R.						
Adams Express						
Wells-Fargo Express						
American Express						
United States Express						
N. Y. Central	102¾					102¾
Erie	18	18	18			18
Michigan Central	90					90
Michigan Southern	93					93
Illinois Central	125					125
Cleve. & Pittsburgh	91					91
Pittsburgh & Ft. W.	99	99				99
Do. preferred	90					90
Rock Island	104¾	104	104			104
St. Paul common	34	34¼				34
Do. preferred	74	74¼	74¼			74¼
Wabash common	26	26				26
Fort Wayne	97					97
Ohio & Mississippi	25					25
Union Pacific	73¾	73¾				73¾
Hartford						121
Hannibal and St. Jos	24	24				24
Iron Mountain						95
C., C. & I.	83					83
Central Ohio						32
South Carolina, July						53
Missouri 6-s						100

—The following is a report of the prices of leading stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board, as received by wire at noon to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.
Pennsylvania Central, sales		
Reading, sales	51½	
United Cos. of N. J., sales	120	
Oil Creek	9½	
Lehigh Valley, sales	61¾	
Allegheny Valley, sales	44¾	
Central Transportation, sales	14¾	
P. C. & St. L. 1st mort. bds	77	78

(By Associated Press.)

Gold Closed at 116⅝.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Money was more active this afternoon and loaned up to 4 per cent., closing at 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@6 per cent.

STERLING

Firm at 483¾@487 for sixty days and 488¾@490 for sight.

GOLD

Strong, opening at 116¼ and closing at 116⅜. Loans made flat and 2 per cent. for borrowing. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $145,000. Clearings $80,000,000. Dry goods imports for the week $700,000. Customs receipts $324,000.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Government and railroad bonds firm. State securities quiet, except Tennessees and Carolinas, which were active and strong. Stocks opened firm and prices advanced from ¼@¾ per cent. This improvement was after. wards lost, and the closing was generally at it. Western Union, Pacific Mail, Northwestern, Union Pacific and Lake Shore. The latter dropped off on the reported renewal of sharp competition between the Pennsylvania and Baltimore roads on one hand and the New York and Erie roads on the other. After midday the market became strong and prices advanced under an active buying movement. This improvement was caused by the prompt settlement of ins contracts by Jacob Ridgway and the complete consolidation of Mr. Eccles by the Stock Exchange Law Committee. Stocks were generally strong and higher. The feeling was that the crisis was the leading feature and advanced to 81 on strong buying. Lake Shore was firm at 93¾ and Union Pacific at 73¾@73¾. Erie, Lackawanna and Western advanced to 18¼. The Western shares were all firm on the advancing tendency of wheat and the prospect of large crops. North-western closed at 69¾@70 for common and 90 for preferred. St. Paul was steady at 35¼@35¾ for common and 75¾@76 for preferred. Rock Island sold at 104. Pacific Mail closed at 39¾@40, the two extremes of the day having been 39¾ and 40¾. Erie was steady at 18¼@18¾. Transactions in the Stock Exchange 121,000 shares, of which 20,900 were Pacific Mail, 44,000 Western Union, 5,000 Erie and 34,000 Lake Shore.

The following were the closing quotations:

STOCKS.			
Canton	80	Do preferred	57¾
W. U. Tel. Co	90¼	Wabash	26
Quicksilver	15	Do preferred	54
Adams Express	99	Fort Wayne	97½
Wells-Fargo Ex	71½	Terre Haute	8
American Ex	53	Do preferred	30
U. S. Express	41	Chicago & Alton	102½
Pacific Mail	39¾	Do preferred	106½
New York Central	102¾	Ohio & Mississippi	25¾
Erie	18¼	Clev., Col. & Cin	49
Do preferred	28¾	Burlington & Q	112
Harlem	131	Lake Shore	59¼
Do preferred	135	C., C. & I. C	83
Mich. Central	90	Illinois Central	109¾
Cleveland & Pitts.	91¼	Atlantic & Pac. Tel	22¾
Northwestern	39	Union Pac. stock	73¾
Do preferred	69¼	Central Pac. bds	101¾
Rock Island	104	Union Pac. bds	102
N. J. Central	121¾	Del. & Lack	121¾
St. Paul	34¾	Bankers' Bills	487½
GOVERNMENTS.			
U. S. coupons, 1881	122¾	5-20's, 1867	121¾
5-20's, 1862	117	5-20's, 1868	122¾
5-20's, 1864	119¾	New 5's	118¾
5-20's, 1865	120¾	10-40's	118¾
5-20's, 1865, new	120¾	Currency 6's	122¾
STATE BONDS.			
Missouri 6's	100	Virginia, old	37
Tennessee, old	47¾	N. Carolina, old	27¾
Tennessee, new	49¼	N. Carolina, new	19
Virginia, new	39		

GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, }
FRIDAY, July 9, 1875. }

Trade on our streets to-day was quiet with one marked feature to note. The movement of business was steady, but rather sluggish and the volume of transactions was not liberal. Prices were generally unchanged, and the general condition of the market was very much as reported yesterday. Speaking of the prospects for the crops and the prices of cereals, the New York *Bulletin* says: "Accounts from Europe, as published in these columns, have of late shown a somewhat unfavorable prospects for the abundant harvests which have been anticipated from the condition of the crops the preceding month. To such extent has this been general as to create a somewhat feverish tone in the wheat markets of both England and the Continent, and the same feeling has been shared by dealers here. Indeed, a speculative activity was induced among our shippers at the close of last week. But the present week opens with an entire absence of this tendency, and the market for wheat has already fallen back 2@3c in consequence. In view of this, however, the *Mark Lane Express* of this week says the harvests are likely to be greatly delayed by wet weather, while the prospects for the future are termed "threatening," and the market 1@2 shillings higher. Making due allowance for all contingencies it would appear safe, to say the least, to accept as correct the belief that there is a prospect of a large crop, as a whole, will not be so abundant as it promised to be a month ago."

The receipts of the leading articles of produce since our last were as follows:

Flour, bbls	225	Hay, bales	385
Cheese, lbs	613	Apples, bbls	35
Wheat, bus	2,529	Corn, bus	1,200
Oats, bus	1,180	Bacon tcs	122
Bacon, lcs	44	Potatoes, bus	1,297

The quotations given in the following reports are prices realized in wholesale transactions, unless otherwise specified. On small sales, dealers will charge an advance. Prices of grain, unless stated to the contrary, are free of elevator.

Grain, Flour and Feed.

GRAIN—The market continues quiet, but there seem to be some signs of improvement in corn and oats. *Wheat* continues quiet. We quote choice Kentucky and Michigan white winter at $1 37@1 40 per bushel; Ohio and Illinois do $1 32@1 35; Ohio and Pennsylvania red winter $1 25@1 27; spring wheat is steady. No. 2 Chicago selling at $1 20. *Corn* is a little easier. We quote car lots at 56@57c for prime yellow; 71@72c for mixed and white. Shelled was in full and in little request at 75@76c per bushel for yellow; 73@74c for high-mixed; 70@72c for low-mixed and white. *Oats* also show more firmness. We quote at 62@63c per bushel for white; 59@60c for mixed. *Rye* was quiet at 81@81 10. Jobbing prices of corn and oats ruled 3@4c above these quotation.

FLOUR—The jobbing trade is active at firm prices. We quote the wholesale prices of the local millers as follows: No. 1 white wheat (soon to be XXX), $7 50@8 00; No. 2 do and wheat flour $6 40; in sacks 30c off ₱ bbl. The jobbing prices for the leading brands are as follows: Choice brands of white winter wheat flour $7 00@7 50; Wisconsin $6 00; Minnesota $6 00@6 25; red winter wheat flour $5 25@5 50; rye flour $6 00; Graham flour $6 50@6 75; self-rising flour, in 6 lb packages, $5 25; in 12 pound packages; cornmeal $3 75; oatmeal $5 50@6 00.

HAY—There is a steady feeling. We quote prime timothy on track, at $21 00@22 00 ₱ ton; No. 2, $18 00@19 00; upland prairie nominally $17 00@18 00. Sales from store were slow at $24 00@25 00. Loose hay is selling at $25 00@28 00 for No. 1; $23 00@24 00 for No. 2.

MILL FEED—The market is active and prices are somewhat firmer. We quote bran at $1 00 @1 05 ₱ cwt; fine do at $1 20@1 30 ₱ cwt; middlings at $1 45@1 55 ₱ cwt; chopped feed $1 60@1 70 ₱ cwt; oil meal $1 10@2 00 ₱ cwt.

Country Produce.

APPLES—Old are nominal. We quote at $4 50@5 00 for choice; $2 50@3 00 for common grades. Choice new apples sell readily at $5 00@6 00 ₱ barrel; lower grades range from $2 00@4 00.

BRAN—The market is quiet. We quote prime white navy at $2 60@2 90 ₱ bushel; medium at $2 30@2 50; fair to good $1 70@1 80.

BUTTER—There is a quiet and dull market at unchanged rates. We quote as follows: Extra creamery rolls 17@18c; choice solid packed 16@17c; good to prime 14@15c; fair to good 12@ 13c; common to fair 5@7c. The lower grades are nominal.

CHEESE—The market is steady. We quote at 10@11½c per ₱ for prime Ohio factory; New York Goshen 12@13c; Sweitzer 16@18c; Limburger 14@16c.

CIDER—We quote prime sweet at $8 00@9 00 per barrel.

CRANBERRIES—There is not much doing. We quote nominally at $6 00@8 00 per barrel; $1 50 @2 50 per box.

EGGS—Market quiet but firm. We quote at 15c per dozen for strictly fresh.

FEATHERS—We note round lot transactions at 50@55c. A light jobbing business is reported at 60c.

FRESH FRUITS—There is an active trade for what fruits are offered. Blackberries are in plentiful supply and move freely at 12@15c per quart. Tennessee plums made their appearance in market to-day and were quoted at $12 00 per stand; $6 00 per bushel.

POTATOES—Old are pretty much dealt in. We quote old at 90c@$1 00 ₱ bush for peachblows from store; Peerless 90@95c ₱ bushel; sales on track were at 60@75c ₱ bushel for peachblows; 40@50c for Peerless. New southern potatoes are in large supply and arrive at $7 00@8 50 ₱ barrel.

POULTRY—Live chickens are in moderate supply and easy at 45@50c per pair for old; spring chickens are quoted at 75@85c.

PRESERVES AND DRIED FRUITS—We quote dried apples at 8@9c ₱ lb for choice; 6@7c for prime; dried blackberries are quiet at 10@12c ₱ lb; dried peaches are firm at 18@20c ₱ lb for choice halves. Honey is in good supply at 22@ 25c ₱ lb for clover; buckwheat blossom 20@22c ₱ lb. Maple sugars are quoted at $9 00 ₱ barrel; $5 00 ₱ half barrel.

SEEDS—We quote seed buckwheat steady at $1 75 ₱ bushel. Sacked timothy seed is at $1 95@2 00; timothy seed in a little inquiry at $2 85@3 00 per bushel.

VEGETABLES—We quote string beans at 75c ₱ bushel; Bermuda onions in boxes are jobbing at $1 40@1 60 per box. Tomatoes ruled at $2 50@ 3 00 ₱ box. Cucumbers $1 50@2 00 ₱ crate. Cabbages $2 00@2 50 ₱ barrel.

Groceries and Provisions.

There is a steady movement with the firm feeling on coffees and sugars still in force. Prices are quoted unchanged as follows:

Green Coffees.	₱ lb.	*Sugars.*	
Fancy Rio	21½c	Standard A	10½c
Choice Rio	21c	Standard B	10¼c
Prime Rio	20½c	Do, extra C	10c
Good Rio	20 c	Extra C—yellow	9½c
Java	30 c	Extra B—yellow	9¼c
Roasted Coffees.		Extra C—white	10 c
Rio, in papers	23 c	New Orleans	8½@9½c
Rio, in bulk	22½c	Cut loaf	12½@12¾c
Java, in papers	30 c	Crushed	11½@12 c
Java, in bulk	29½c	Powdered	11½@12 c
Teas.		Granulated	11½@11¾c
Young Hyson	50@81 00	*Molasses.*	₱ gall.
Gunpowder	50c@1 25	Strictly ch'e N. O.	72½c
Imperial	50c@1 00	Prime	70c
Japan	50c@1 00	Good	68c
Oolong	75c@ 85	*Syrups.*	₱ b.
Taney	60c@1 00	Ex. white drips	50c
Sdrchong	25c@ 35	Sugar drips	40c
Rice.		Lower grades	10@35c
Choice Carol'a	8½c	*Starch.*	
Patna	7½@8 c	Pearl	5 c
Rangoon	7½@7½c	Silver gloss	7½c
Spices.		Corn	10½c
Cloves	53 c	Pepper	45c
Mixed spice	17½@18c	Irish soap	₱ box $4 50
Cassia	33 @35 c	Rabbit's best	₱ box 7 00
Nutmegs	81 35@1 40	Do. N. Y. City	₱ box 5 00
Ginger	20 c	German mottled	7½c
Candles.		*Soda.*	
Star, full weight	13 c	Bi-carb, in 10-lb pkgs	6c
Stearine	16 c	Bi-carb, in 5-papers	7c

FOREIGN FRUITS—Trade continues active at firm prices. We quote: Raisins—layers, ₱ box, $2 75; London layers, $3; Valentias 11½c ₱ lb; sultanas 18c. Dates 8@9c ₱ lb. Currants—new 7½c. Citron 20c. Prunes 8½c. Almonds—Languedoc 25c; do shelled 38c; do Princes 32c; do Jordan 50c; do Ivica 23c. Walnuts—Naples 16c; French 15c. Sicily filberts 15c. Smyrna figs 18@20c. Pecans 12c. Macaroni 11@13c. Tapioca 8@9c. Lemons—Messina, ₱ box, $9 00. Oranges—Messina, ₱ box, $8 50. Cocoanuts $6 00 ₱ hundred.

FISH—There is a fair trade. We repeat our quotations as follows:

No. 1 extra mess mackerel, ₱ bbl	$20 00	Round herr'gs	25@27 50
No. 1 mess	19 00	White fish, ₱ half bbl	6 00
Extra No. 1 shore	17 00	Lake herring, ₱ half bbl	4 50
Extra No. 1 bay	15 00	half bbl	2 75
No. 1 shore	13 00	Lake trout, do	3 75
No. 2 bay	9 50	Labrador herring	5 00
New No. 3	8 00	₱ bbl	$7 00@7 50
Boneless codfish	7½@8c	Potomacs, ₱ bbl	4 75
₱ lb	7@7½c		

BACON—We quote shoulders at 10c ₱ lb; rib sides and uncured at 12½c; clear rib sides 13½c; clear sides 12½c.

HAMS—We quote plain sugar-cured at 13½c; fancy canvased do 13½c. Sugar-cured shoulders at 10½c ₱ lb; do canvassed 11c; breakfast bacon is quoted at 13½c; do canvassed 14c; sugar-cured beef, 15c; canvassed 15½c; beef tongues, ₱ dozen, $1 50; ham sausage 10c. Mess Pork—There is an steady feeling. We quote at $21 75@22 00 ₱ bbl.

LARD—We quote prime lard, refined, in tierces, 9½ lb, 14½c; lard, refined, in buckets, 15¾c; in 5-lb caddies, 16c; in 2-lb caddies 16½c; in 1-lb cans, 17½c; in 5-lb do, 17½@ 18c; in 2-lb do, 17c.

LARD OIL—We quote extra No. 1 winter strained at $1 05@1 07 ₱ gallon; No. 1 do 90@92½c; No. 2, 80@82c.

TALLOW—Sales at 8½c ₱ lb for choice, and 8c for medium.

Petroleum.

July 10.—The market was weak and lower yesterday for crude, nearly all of the deliveries having suffered a decline of 5@7½c. How much of this decline is due to the general downward tendency of the markets, and whether any of it can be attributed to the opening of direct pipage to Pittsburgh are matters that any one can decide for himself.

CRUDE—We quote United at wells at 90@9 25c; Inman-Coal Creek at 7½c. The decline was most marked in immediate shipment, as that delivery has ruled exceptionally higher during the past few days than United. Sales were 27,000 barrels at Parkers, and 2,750 barrels at Shamburg, principal points in the oil regions. The Oil City *Derrick* gives the shipments from the oil regions for the last half of June as follows: The shipments during the last half of June were a little smaller than for the first half. The total for the month was 692,940 barrels. Annexed is a detailed statement by all routes from the oil regions for June of crude or its equivalent, and the totals for the preceding months this year:

	Barrels.
By A. V. R. R. to Pittsburgh	104,905
By D. W. & P. R. R. to all points	39,223
By A. & G. W. R. R. to all points	101,391
By L. S. & M. S., and from Harrisville by the Bear Creek Branch to all points	182,263
By O. C. & A. E. R. R. & E. R. R. and A. & G. W. R. R. to all other points than Pittsburgh	193,257
Total June	692,940
Total May	633,474
Total April	790,403
Total March	784,205
Total February	561,000
Total January	441,776
Total since January 1st	3,919,825

REFINED—The market was quiet, but rather weak, although prices are not materially lower. We quote standard white on the cars at 15½@15¾c, as to location. New York delivery rules at 12c for prompt and early July. Philadelphia is quoted at 13¼@13½c. Baltimore rules at 13¼@13½c.

The situation remains dull and unchanged at $1 25@1 30 for early-made; $1 10@1 20 for country do.

(By Western Union Telegraph.)

TITUSVILLE, July 9.—The *Herald* says: The decline is still more positive than was the case yesterday, and all the deliveries suffered another falling off in values. United at wells opened at 92¾c and closed weak at 91¼c, with limited transactions. Sales:

	Ore. tons.	Blms tons.	Mk'ble tons.	Met'l tons.
500 bbls, Upper creek, spot				$1 23¾
750 bbls, Lower creek, spot				1 20
500 bbls, Oil City, spot				1 23½
1,000 bbls, Oil City, spot				1 23½
2,000 bbls, United at wells, spot				92¼
2,000 bbls, United at wells, spot				91¾
2,000 bbls, United at wells, spot				90
1,500 bbls, Union at wells, spot				90
1,000 bbls, Union at wells, spot				90
1,000 bbls, Penn'a at wells, spot				87¼
1,000 bbls, Penn'a at wells, spot				87¼
1,000 bbls, Karns, spot				88¾
2,000 bbls, Keller, spot				91¼
2,000 bbls, immediate shipment				122¾
5,000 bbls, immediate shipment				1 21¾
2,500 bbls, immediate shipment				27
1,000 bbls, immediate shipment				1 18¾

NEW YORK, July 9, closing 8.—Crude oil here is quiet and firmer. We quote bids at 91 on 60 ₱ cwt; sales at 91 20@1 20 ₱ cwt; refined from the creek or easier prices. Refined meets with very little attention on export account, and occasional orders are filled only at very strong prices. The offerings for immediate delivery are small. Sales are 4,000 bbls refined yesterday at 12c; also1,200 barrels refined 12 1-16c, and 1,000 cases on private terms. The closing prices are as follows: Crude in bulk 5¼c for prompt, and 5¾c for July; do in bbls 6¼c; refined 8¾@9c; naphtha 12c; cases 16¼@18c; naptha 8¾c. For Philadelphia delivery refined is quoted at 11¾@ 11¾c. At Baltimore refined rules at 11¾c but and 12c asked.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—Marke quiet; standard white 120 test, 12¾c; cases 17c; no sales and no futures offering.

TITUSVILLE, July 9.—Market quiet but steady at $1 30 for Upper creek.

OIL CITY, July 9.—Market dull and quiet at $1 17¾@1 20.

ROUSSEVILLE, July 9.—Market quiet and without business to establish prices.

TIONESTA, July 9.—Market dull and lower at $1 20 bid and $1 22½ asked.

PARKERSBURG, July 9.—United nominally 90c bid; shipment $1 17½.

CRUDE OIL RECEIVED BY ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Consignee.	Bbls
J. Bushnell	Standard O W	1,340
J. Bushnell	National O W	1,691
N. W. Stevenson	Peerless O W	47
B. S. Duncan	Sunbeam O W	47
N. W. Stevenson	Liberty O W	45
B. S. Duncan	Star O W	50
B. S. Duncan	Sunbeam O W	23
B. S. Duncan	Sunbeam O W	22
S. Craig	Citizens O W	14
E. Crawford	Riverside O W	8
Total		4,981

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Central Stock Yards, East Liberty.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, }
FRIDAY, July 9, 1875. }

There was a perfect lull in the market to day, most all the offerings having found purchasers and driven or shipped away, causing the pens to wear a deserted appearance. The few cattle, hogs and sheep changing hands today did not differ materially in price from those ruling yesterday.

CATTLE.

The supply of all grades being much lighter than usual, prices ruled firm and fully 25@50c better than last week. With a moderate supply the prospects for the coming week are good. There are those, however, who think the heavy run of stock, owing to the fact that the market in Chicago is reported dull and lower, which will cause holders to ship to this market. Should this prove to be the case, the present rates of the market are bound to give way. Be this as it may, the week about closing has been a good one for all those who had anything to sell, of whom made up their losses for the past two or three weeks. Arrivals to-day this afternoon and to-day were at the following figures, which are nearly the same as those given yesterday: Extra, $4 90@5 00; good to choice, $4 60@4 80; fair to good, $4 25@4 50; good, 1,100 to 1,300 lbs, $4 25@4 50; good, 1,100 to 1,200 lbs, $4 00@4 15; little to fair, $3 50@3 75; common, 900 to 1,000 lbs, $4 00@4 50; bulls, dry and cows, $2 50@3 50; stockers, $3 00@ 3 75.

HOGS.

The demand during the week has been principally for light weights, mostly from New York and Baltimore, as Philadelphians are getting the go by. Hence, on Monday, Philadelphias sold from $7 30@7 40; on Tuesday, mixed packing hands, but yesterday and to-day sold up to $7 40@7 50, whilst light smooth mixed brought $7 45. What the coming week will bring forth is a conundrum we do not undertake to answer.

SHEEP.

Under the light supply prices were firm, and the advance formerly noted was fully maintained, some extra lots reaching a shade more price. One dealer assures us that the bottom of the market has been reached, and advises caution in buying. We quote extra, 95 to 100 lbs, $5 40@5 50; fair to good, $4 75@5 25; common, $4 00@4 50; scalawags, $3 50@4 00.

MILCH COWS.

There were but few on the market, and prices remain unchanged. Quotations and sales as milkers, ranging all the way up from $30 00 to $75 00.

THE RUN.

A heavy amount of stock was arriving, but for the most part was intended for through shipment as soon as fed, watered and rested 5 o'clock be shipped forward.

Sales.

Below we give a few sales of cattle, hogs and sheep made here during the day, with names of purchasers and sellers, together with the number, weight and price paid, from which the reader can see at a glance the prices ruling:

CATTLE.

Purchasers.	Sellers.	No.	Wgt.	Pr's
Bloenfield	Holmes, L & Co.	18	17,970	$4 45
Lowenstein	Holmes, L & Co.	17	16,830	4 45
L. Schamberg	Cochran, H & Co	15	15,210	6 75
James Aull	Cochran, H & Co	17	17,340	6 75
James Aull	Cochran, H & Co	17	18,810	6 75
C. Briggs	Cochran, H & Co	19	18,720	6 00
Schantz & Co	Cochran, H & Co	19	18,240	6 65
Schamig & Co	J. F. Sadler & Co	17	17,730	6 25
Schamig & Co	J. F. Sadler & Co	15	15,240	6 25
P. Dudly	J. F. Sadler & Co	16	18,720	5 5

HOGS.

Imhoost & Co.	Holmes, L & Co	98	22,120	$7 45
Imhoost & Co.	Holmes, L & Co	81	15,930	7 5
Rothenberg	Holmes, L & Co	81	15,930	7 5
Watson & Son	Holmes, L & Co	41	8,720	7 40
Imhoost & Co.	Holmes, L & Co	91	24,240	7 5
H. W. Jillett	Dowley & McN	95	17,670	6 60
H. W. Jillett	Dowley & McN	5	1,760	6 0
J. Rventhal & Co	Dowley & McN	165	37,950	6 60
J. F. Sadler & Co	Briggs, Dock & D	53	11,400	7 5
S. A. Orr & Co	Briggs, Dock & D	47	11,750	7 5
Weiss & Bro	Briggs, Dock & D	42	10,080	7 5
Wetter & B	Hedges, H & Co	79	21,060	7 5
Watson & Son	Hedges, H & Co	100	26,450	7 40
J. Rventhal	J. F. Sadler & Co	149	32,780	7 5
Wetter & B	J. F. Sadler & Co	93	19,995	7 5
Hinker & Co	J. F. Sadler & Co	97	20,370	7 5
Hill & Alcorn	Holmes, L & Co	225	18,520	4 8
H. Errisman	Holmes, L & Co	114	11,970	5 0
Thomas & Co	Holmes, L & Co	110	11,550	5 0
H. Errisman	Donley & McN	253	17,280	4 5
E. H. Davis	Donley & McN	67	8,710	4 5
H. Errisman	Donley & McN	262	18,340	5 0
Jas. Kirby	Hedges, H & Co	214	15,238	4 0
John Latta	Hamilton, L & Co	9	765	5 5
W. Peters	Hamilton, L & Co	9	775	5 5
H. Errisman	Hamilton, L & Co	129	9,288	5 5
Schantz & Spahr	Hamilton, L & Co	140	9,800	5 5
E. Newton	J. F. Sadler & Co	221	9,170	5 5

[By Associated Press.]

New York.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Beeves—Receipts 980 head, making to-day's total 6,000 head, and 4,850 head for the same time last week. Market decidedly firm at full prices; common to extra sold at $4 50@5 75; closing at $4 50@5 75 and fairish Texans $3 00@3 50.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts 5,000 head, making 10,850 head for four days, against 9,710 head for the same time last week. Demand fair and trade active at $5 75@6 25 for lambs; $4 25@ 5 00¼ for sheep.

Swine—Receipts 2,100 head, making 10,500 head for four days, against 10,220 head for the same time last week. None offered alive.

Albany.

ALBANY, July 9.—Cattle—Market is dull; receipts 401 cars, 95 short of last week. Cattle are better and medium weights bring better prices; highest paid for prime native steers $7 75, and from that down to $6 00 for fair butchering steers; Texans $3 75 to $6 00 for very fine Cherokees.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts only 27 cars, 20 short of last week. Sheep, common to fair, $4 50@5 00; fair to good $5 00@5 50; good to choice $5 50@5 75; lambs, common to fair, $5 00@5 50; fair to good $7 50@8 50; good to extra $8 50@ 10 00.

Hogs—Nothing doing.

Buffalo.

BUFFALO, July 9.—Cattle—Receipts 823 head; total for the week 7,429 head. Market active, no sales since Thursday sufficient for quotations; fresh arrivals all through consignments; yards bare of stock.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts 2,400 head; total for the week 11,950 head; 950 only offering and disposed of, the balance of arrivals being through consignments; Ohio clipped, $9 to $7 50; Canada clipped, $7 50@8 25; lambs, $8 25@ 8 50; Canada clipped, $8 25@8 50; market nominally unchanged.

Hogs—Receipts 2,800 head; total for the week 11,950 head. Market active; all offerings disposed of; Yorkers $7 25@7 35; heavy $7 25@7 50 for tops.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 9.—Hogs firm; common $6 25@6 87½; packers to medium $7 00@7 10; good to extra $7 10@7 25.

IRON MARKETS.

Weekly Review of the Pig Iron and Bloom Market.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, }
SATURDAY, July 10, 1875. }

The pig metal market has not materially recovered from the effect of the 4th of July holiday, and still remains very dull.

The price may be fairly quoted at $24 00 four months for stand

CITY MATTERS.

FOR eighty-five cents per month the DAILY COMMERCIAL will be mailed daily to travelers or to subscribers who are temporarily absent from Pittsburgh. The address of the paper will be changed as often as is desired.

Local Observations.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER, U. S. SIG. SERV., Room 24, First National Bank, PITTSBURGH, P.A., July 9, 1875.

Time.	Bar.	Th'r.	Hum	WIND. Dir.	Force.	Weath.
7 A. M.	30.071	73	67	S.	Fresh.	Fair.
2 P. M.	29.880	81	52	N. E.	Fresh.	Cloudy.
9 P. M.	29.918	75	72	.....	Calm.	Cloudy.

Mean barometer...29.973 Highest thermom...86
Mean thermometer...76 Lowest thermom....64

Cheap Salt.

We will sell from ten (10) to one hundred barrels salt or more—*cash*, for No. 1 $1 10, for No. 1 extra $1 20. Salt and packages guaranteed or money refunded.

Keystone Salt Works,
Thirty-sixth ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.

The Sparring Match.

The sparring match announced to come off this evening at Hogan's gymnasium is likely to be interfered with. Mayor McCarthy yesterday refused to issue a license for the show, but Benn says it will come off anyhow. The sparring is to be between Hogan and Rooke.

Sudden Death.

Last evening a young woman named Annie Corley, employed in the capacity of a servant in a family residing at No. 135 Grant avenue, Allegheny, died suddenly while engaged in her household duties. The Coroner held an inquest and the jury found that death was caused by heart disease.

Little Girl Scalded.

Last evening a little daughter of Mr. C. Ritter, whose residence is on Park way, Allegheny, was badly scalded. While playing on the porch she ran against the servant girl, who had in her hands a dish pan filled with hot water, the child receiving the contents of the vessel on her face and breast.

County, State and Poor Taxes.

Col. Samuel Kilgore, County Treasurer, announces that a deduction of five per cent. will be granted to all persons paying the above taxes before the 1st day of August. During the month of August no reduction will be made, and at its expiration ten per cent. will be added to the indebtedness of delinquent taxpayers.

Boy Drowned.

A boy named Willie Coleman, aged about eleven years, was drowned about five o'clock last evening while bathing in the Allegheny river, under the railroad bridge. Men were engaged in dragging the river until a late hour last night, but did not succeed in recovering the body. The boy's parents live at No. 79 Washington street.

Books, Newspapers and Magazines.

The best place in the city to procure reading matter for the home circle is Gildenfenney & Co.'s news depot, No. 45 Fifth avenue. Here may be found all the latest books, magazines, story and illustrated papers, etc. They also sell fine stationery, notions, pocket-books, albums, stereoscopes and stereoscopic views, games, etc., etc., as cheap as the cheapest.

The Forbes District Schools.

The Directors of the Forbes District (Sixth Ward) Schools met last evening and elected Miss Maggie Flinn as teacher to fill a vacancy. A full complement of teachers has now been obtained, and they were assigned their places as follows: Those last year occupying rooms No. 12 down to No. 7 inclusive, will retain their old places. The vacancies in rooms 5 and 6 are filled by the advancement of the teachers heretofore below, while the two new teachers will take charge of the lower rooms in the order of their election.

After the appointment of a committee of three to attend to repairs and the cleansing of the buildings, and the transaction of business not of public interest, the meeting adjourned.

A Troublesome Constable.

Mr. Getty, a liquor merchant of this city, went over to the Place saloon, in the Allegheny Diamond, Thursday evening, to look after certain business matters. He found the saloon closed and Constable J. Hays standing guard at the door, armed with a landlord's warrant. Getty wanted to go inside, and Hays ordered him to leave. High talk followed, and the constable took the merchant's collar and marched where he left a deposit for his appearance before Mayor Phillips yesterday morning. At the hearing John Coyle, Esq., appeared for Mr. Getty, and in a brief speech in his behalf painted a picture of that constable that made him squirm. The Mayor, after hearing the evidence and the speech, dismissed the case, expressing the opinion that Constable Hays was clearly in the wrong.

A Burglar Scare.

Thursday night a crowd of about two hundred persons surrounded the house of Mr. John Moorhouse, of the firm of Moorhouse & Carsten, at the corner of Bidwell and Fayette streets, Allegheny. A large number of policemen were summoned to the spot, and the greatest excitement prevailed. The cause of all this hubbub was, that a few days ago Mr. Moorhouse and his family went to the country, leaving the house closed, and some of the neighbors, seeing a light at a second story window, concluded that there were burglars on the premises. The police went to the front door and ordered the supposed burglars to admit them, when they were confronted by two badly frightened dry goods clerks, who explained that Mr. Moorhouse had left the key with them, requesting them to sleep in the house at nights during his absence. Only this and nothing more.

The G. A. R. Convention at Corry.

We have already announced the programme for the semi-annual convention of the Grand Army of the Republic of Pennsylvania, at Corry, Erie county, commencing on the 21st inst. A Corry paper says: The comrades of J. J. Andrews Post No. 70, have made extensive arrangements for the entertainment of the delegates and visiting comrades, and it is expected that the department will manifest its appreciation of the labors and generosity of the comrades of Post 70 by sending full delegations. The business of the encampment will be completed in the first day's session. The encampment will be received at the Opera House by the Mayor and Common Council of the city in the evening, and the reception will be followed by an entertainment in the same place. On the 22d of July an excursion by rail and boat will be made to Lake Chautauqua, New York, where a picnic will be given in honor of the encampment by the ladies of Corry. The Pennsylvania Railroad will issue tickets for the round trip. The convention will, no doubt, be largely attended.

The Alleged Cruel Treatment of a Girl.

Investigation into the case of alleged cruel treatment of a demented girl, by her parents, as reported by Superintendent Street of the Humane Society, proves that there is something in the case. The family's name is Hartman, and they reside in Brushtown, Twenty-third ward. A physician, who attended the young woman some time since, when she was prostrated by fever, states that the feeble condition of her mind was caused by want of proper attention during her illness, and many of the neighbors are willing to testify that they have seen the unfortunate creature maltreated. The parents are said to be in comfortable circumstances, and if the allegations made are sustained, they should be compelled to afford her proper treatment, or send her to some institution where she will be cared for. Those who know her state that when away from home she seems to be entirely rational, but as soon as her parents appear she becomes violent. It is admitted that the girl is chained at night in an empty room, and while the parents refuse to send her to an asylum a brother offers one thousand dollars to have her cured.

The Humane Society.

In answer to charges preferred, by a correspondent of a morning paper, against the Humane Society, Superintendent Street writes as follows: The officers of the society challenge any person to show a single instance where they have prosecuted a case where real cruelty did not been done to animals. In many instances after prosecution and when fines were imposed, they have remitted the fine on account of poverty or apparent penitence for the cruelty done, and in some instances have furnished money for buying food, where charity to do so was apparent.

The officers of the society are censured daily by refined humane citizens for not being more severe in prosecuting offenders of the law. Cases of cruelty reported to us are from ten to twenty a day and but few prosecuted.

It would be much more honorable for those complaining of oppression by the officers, to become members of the society and give us their wise counsel and aid in managing the many cases of cruelty that occur daily. The good results of the labors of the society are openly manifest, and highly appreciated, and so expressed by the refined humane citizens generally, and the officers are requested to persevere in their good work.

Improper feeding and watering and neglect are not so speedy, but they are as sure as pestilence in wasting the lives of dumb animals.

Over loading beasts of burden, over driving willing animals, torturing those unwilling to be overloaded or overdriven, beating those whose physical condition is *unequal* to the task imposed upon them, *these are as fatal as the knife or the bullet, and far more cruel, since they permit the prolonged suffering.* Z. S.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Organization for 1875-6—List of Officers and Members—The Time of Meeting.

The Chairmen of the late Republican County conventions, Messrs. William Blakeley, Samuel P. Fulton, John G. MacConnell and John H. Trimble met yesterday and appointed the County Executive Committee for 1875-6 as published below. It was decided that the committee should meet at headquarters, Lincoln Club Room, this city, on Tuesday, 20th inst., at eleven o'clock A. M.:

CHAIRMAN—RUSSELL ERRETT.

VICE CHAIRMEN.

Thomas M. Marshall,	Henry M. Long,
Alex. Patterson,	C. S. Fetterman,
T. J. Bigham,	Wm. B. Hays, Jr.,
Wm. H. Graham,	John Gilfillan,
S. H. Sayers,	Jos. M. Gazzam,
Wm. E. Harrison,	William Jones,
B. B. Coursin,	Wm. C. Moreland,
James McErier,	Wm. Blakeley.

SECRETARIES.

Frank P. Case,	John A. McQuaide,
L. N. Patterson,	R. S. Frazier,
R. D. Barker,	Norman M. Smith,
Marshall Brown,	Arthur L. Thomas.
H. H. Byram,	C. E. Locke.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

Chairman—H. W. Oliver, Jr.
Secretary—Frank P. Case.

John W. Chalfant,	C. W. Batchelor,
John S. Slagle,	Joseph Walton,
M. W. Beltzhoover,	Dr. A. H. Gross,
Hugh S. Fleming,	E. C. Gray,
John McD. Crosan,	John S. Robb,
B. F. Jones,	John Chislett,
Joseph Dilworth,	James A. Chambers,
Alfred Slack,	David McCandless,
Henry Lloyd,	C. L. Magee,
Thomas Steel,	Thomas H. Hunter,
Jacob H. Walter,	John Fitzsimmons,
Wm. B. Negley,	Arthur Hobson,
Hon. Wm. M. Bayne,	Hugh McNeill,
James L. Graham,	James Littell,
Andrew Smith,	W. W. Thompson,
John R. McCune,	Thos. MacConnell, Jr.,
E. P. Jones,	Joseph Hastings,
Major A. M. Brown,	John H. Trimble,
Wilson McCandless,	John H. Hare.

PITTSBURGH.

First Ward—David Campbell, W. B. Hunter, John Peck.

Second Ward—Wm. M. McCamp, Thomas S. Bigelow, Robert McCutcheon.

Third Ward—G. L. Braun, Peter Dressler.

Fourth Ward—Wm. R. Brown, Jr., Wm. McGhee, W. A. Khaddin.

Fifth Ward—A. W. Smith, T. M. Gillespie, John F. Moore.

Sixth Ward—George Linderman, Daniel F. Sherry, Wm. Flinn, R. H. Lee, Ed. Everson.

Seventh Ward—E. C. Matthews, James Williams, George W. Wilson.

Eighth ward—John S. Lambie, J. G. Little, Samuel Shore, John Knowland, Wesley White.

Ninth ward—James Boyd, James Y. Irwin, Samuel Ellison.

Tenth ward—Robert Gies, David Beck.

Eleventh ward—Harry Hoffer, Samuel P. Fulton, Jos. W. Lewis, William McConway, W. J. Diehl, Charles Armster.

Twelfth ward—Samuel Mitchell, J. F. Rivers, Christian Ludwig, W. H. Kober.

Thirteenth ward—Thomas J. Gatewood, John Shannon, Wm. House.

Fourteenth ward—H. H. McCormick, Nelson Davis, J. vannote, E. D. Wilt, J. W. Jones.

Fifteenth ward—John A. Fox, Louis Lewis, A. L. Pearson.

Sixteenth ward—John E. Jones, David Harris, Samuel McKinley, R. M. Dalzel, S. H. Morgan.

Seventeenth ward—J. S. Cook, George R. Pearson, Samuel McElroy, William Lendenburg.

Eighteenth ward—Charles W. Lewis, P. W. Seibert.

Nineteenth ward—John G. MacConnell, Frederick Luty, C. B. Seely, J. H. McClelland.

Twentieth ward—Henry Baum, David Aiken, Jr., Levi B. Richards.

Twenty-first ward—William Sprague, Jacob Hartman, Jared M. Irwin.

Twenty-second ward—Wm. Alderson, J. H. Miller.

Twenty-third ward—Himan Frank, R. J. Wilson.

Twenty-fourth ward—John Larimer, Wm. McKelvey.

Twenty-fifth ward—Joseph Chambers, E. E. Mercer, K. B. Brown.

Twenty-sixth ward—John N. Jarrett, Philip Hoerr, Jas. D. Reed, Henry Walker.

Twenty-seventh ward—L. E. Dalzell, Andrew Bender.

Twenty-eighth ward—Robert Scott, Thos. Bingey, Dr. J. W. Riggs.

Twenty-ninth ward—Henry Doyle, J. M. Schaffer.

Thirtieth ward—Miles S. Humphreys, Thos. Evans.

Thirty-first ward—John Thomas.

Thirty-second ward—Jacob Sofial, Nathan S. Brokaw.

Thirty-third ward—Thomas Reese.

Thirty-fourth ward—R. H. Hemlup.

Thirty-fifth ward—Christian Boehmer, John L. Vaughn.

Thirty-sixth ward—Samuel H. French, W. C. Taylor, Evan Jones.

Thirty-seventh ward—Wm. Anderson, John J. Walker.

ALLEGHENY.

First ward—Ormsby Phillips, Thos. Neely, C. D. Smith, J. Erastus McKelvey.

Second ward—W. B. Rogers, Russell Miller, J. K. Hunter, Robert Patton, Wm. Draher, Samuel D. Shoop.

Third ward—James D. Walker, Edward Wibley, Hugh Renwick, D. L. Smith, W. J. Scott, A. A. Steele, B. F. Pahrens, N. H. Voeghtly.

Fourth ward—Abe Patterson, John Fielding, J. C. Mark, J. C. Hetzel, Samuel Hazlett, Wm. Arsbutz, W. C. Smythe.

Fifth ward—John Heath, James Lindsay, Wm. C. Cook.

Sixth ward—W. W. Tyson, Jno. D. Strouse, Thos Harper, D. W. Riggs, Wm. Fleming.

Seventh ward—Frank Houpft, Henry Sneaman, C. C. Haz.

Eighth ward—Henry Nesmith, Geo. Moul.

Ninth ward—Jno. Richards.

Tenth ward—George Sneaman, Basil Barker.

Eleventh ward—W. Woolsey.

BIRMINGHAM.

McKeesport—W. A. Dunshee, Jas. O'Neill, Joseph Stone.

Braddocks—A. Dempster.

Bellvue—J. J. McCormick.

Chartiers—Wm. Hill.

Elizabeth—Wm. Hinds.

Elizabeth—Josiah Speer.

Millvale—John Davis.

Mansfield—David Steel.

Sewickley—Robert McCracken.

Shaupsburg—Dr. A. W. Redlick, J. W. Over.

Tarentum—R. Y. Humes.

Verona—A. H. Rowan, W. J. Bartley.

West Elizabeth—W. K. Hobson.

West Bellevue—Geo. S. Smith.

TOWNSHIPS.

Baldwin—J. B. Risher, Melchoir Verner.

Chartiers—Newton Petrie.

Cresson—James Jones.

Collier—William McKean.

Elizabeth—Samuel Scott, Alex. Gregg, J. B. Copeland, J. H. Watson.

East Deer—E. C. Miller, James Davis.

Franklin—Samuel Sarver.

Fawn—Robert M. Gibson.

Findley—George Burns.

Forward—William Shrader.

Hampton—D. McCullough.

Harrison—Frank Vance.

Harmer—James Armstrong.

Indiana—W. W. Shaw.

Jefferson—W. Wyse, S. J. Chamberlain.

Killbuck—Geo. R. Slater. James Robinson.

Leet—W. L. Jones.

Lower St. Clair—Fred. Hampe, John Paul.

Lincoln—H. G. Edmundson.

Mifflin—W. J. Snodgrass, Anthony Bell, Jas. McDonald.

Moon—Wm. H. Guy.

Marshall—John F. Ritchie.

McCandless—Wm. Ramage.

North Fayette—Vincent Miller.

Neville—Wm. A. Shanks.

North Versailles—Robert McCracken.

Ohio—J. M. Sproul.

O'Hara—Henry Cordier.

Penn—J. M. Mitchell.

Penn—M. B. Mitchell.

Pine—Andrew English jr.

Patton—Dr. Jas. Hunter.

Robinson—Isaac M. Ross, Andrew B. Young.

Ross—C. B. Gillespie, Peter Ivery.

Reserve—Chas. Beckert, William Neeb.

Richland—Samuel Allison.

Shaler—Henry Hoffman, John Herron.

South Versailles—David Shaw, Jno. L. Penny.

Snowden—Henry Murray.

South Fayette—W. A. Herriott.

Sewickley—Chas. Kennedy.

Scott—R. F. Smythe, D. K. McKnight.

Stowe—John Caughey.

Upper St. Clair—W. J. Gilmore, J. P. Highy.

Union—Samuel S. Steele.

Wilkins—W. F. McKelvey, John Hill.

West Deer—G. C. Magill.

KILLED BY A CONSTABLE.

An Allegheny Man Shot Dead While Resisting an Officer Who Attempted to Arrest Him for Larceny.

A dispatch was received yesterday from Butler, announcing that a man named Andy Martin, an Alleghenian, was shot at Modoc City, in the oil region, by a constable. The following account of the affair is given: Martin was wanted on a charge of stealing a string of casing, valued at about $600, from a well owned by John Scott, Esq. When the information was made against him in Butler, two officers were sent with the warrant, as he was known to be a dangerous man and hard to handle. They met their man, and one of them tapped him on the shoulder, and remarked playfully, "You're my prisoner!" The next moment the facetious officer felt a lightning stroke or something like it, back of his ear, and he laid down to meditate while the prisoner broke away and was out of sight before the officer could collect his thoughts or seize him. The next day another officer was sent, and traced Martin to an alley in Modoc City, but failed to catch him, although he sent four balls whistling after him. Officer McCoy was last on the list. He expressed a determination to "fetch his man" or not come back himself. He encountered Martin in Modoc, and made known his business. Martin pursuing the tactics which had been successful with others, promptly struck out from the shoulder, sent McCoy to grass and proceeded to decamp. McCoy, however, quickly recovered, and sent a ball after the fugitive. The leaden messenger struck the fleeing man in the back and passed clear through his body, inflicting a wound from which death resulted in about twenty minutes. The remains were brought to Butler, and at the inquest the officer was acquitted. Martin leaves a wife and several children.

U. S. Dredge Boats at Work.

The fleet of United States dredge boats, in charge of Captain Edward J. Carpenter, commenced operations yesterday, at Saw Mill Run bar. The Oswego and the Ohio, with the tug Israel Keefer, compose the fleet. Nearly 100,000 cubic yards were removed from the Virginia chute, at Buffington Island, the job having been recently finished. Parkersburg was next visited on the upward trip of the fleet, and an unsuccessful pull taken at the wreck of the Rebecca, Marietta was reached July 2d. Here Colonel Merrill's men were found busy repairing damages done to the wing dam, at the foot of the island. In the Colonel's opinion these repairs would so change the current that the bars at the mouth of the Muskingum would be cut away without any dredging. The captain reached here on Wednesday afternoon, barely having water sufficient to get through on. The Saw Mill Run bar is a rather formidable accumulation, especially since the great flood of July, 1874, but the fleet is equal to the task of removing it. Smoky Island bar, at the mouth of the Allegheny, will next receive attention, after which the fleet will move down the Ohio, dredging at White's Deadman's, Beaver Shoals, and Lane Island.

ZION A. M. E. CONFERENCE.

Third Day's Proceedings.

The third day's session opened at nine o'clock yesterday, with Bishop Moore in the chair. Devotional exercises took place, roll call, yesterday's minutes approved, then reports of committees were called for; none were ready to report. The credentials of delegate Josias Barker, from Indiana, Indiana county, Pa., were examined and found correct. David Brown, a delegate from Blairsville, presented a petition from his church desiring the conference to attach his church to the Johnstown and Indiana circuit, as by this favor of the conference his church would be enabled to prosecute the good work with greater strength and more enduring results.

Elder Pipins presented a petition to the conference asking for the admission into their body of a society just organized at Homewood, this county, now known as the Union Wesley church.

The Conference discussed the adoption of two Bible catechisms entitled, respectively "Milk for Babes" and "Children's Bread," the former intended for infant classes and the latter for matured children. After some discussion as to the merits of of the work, the Conference adopted them.

The lay delegates next went into convention to elect two of their members as delegates to the Electoral Conference, which is to meet in Louisville in June, 1876. For the district west of the mountains B. F. Pulpress was elected as delegate, with John H. Wilson as substitute. For district east of the mountains, Jas. Corden; J. A. Haine, substitute. The Conference approved the action of the convention.

Soon after this, about one o'clock, the committee on complaints, which was discussing the Fairfax-Methanes question, which had been sent out at nine o'clock, entered the room, and all attention was directed toward them. This committee had been appointed to examine into the action of the investigating committee which had deposed Rev. Mathews during the interval of conference. When the committee had seated itself, a member of conference arose and said he thought this question was to be discussed with closed doors and he would inform the Conference that a reporter was present then. The reporter, who was seated beside the Chairman, thought something was going to happen then sure, but he was reassured by the Moderator stating that the reporter could remain. However, the Moderator continued, no one would be allowed to be present when the Conference would take the matter in hand. The report of the committee was then read by the chairman as follows:

"The committee in the case of Miss Jennie Fairfax vs. Rev. Dr. D. B. Matthews entered upon the consideration of the report of the Investigating Committee as submitted to them by this conference, with the following results:

1. They find that the proceedings of the Investigating Committee were in accordance with the constitution and discipline of our church.

2. That their suspension of the said Rev. D. B. Matthews during the interval of conference is justified by the evidence taken by said committee.

And lastly your committee hereby most respectfully recommend that this conference consider and determine the case, all of which, together with the papers of the lower court or Investigating Committee, are herewith most respectfully submitted.

JOSEPH HAMER, Chairman.
JAMES ROSS,
J. M. YUG,
S. M. WAY.

HENRY M. WILSON, Secretary.

The conference then accepted the report, there being only one dissenting voice, Rev. L. H. Williams.

The conference then decided to commence the trial this morning at nine o'clock, with closed doors, none but members of conference and witnesses to be admitted. The rest of the session, which will close at one o'clock, was taken up in a discussion about who should be counsel and how they would proceed in the trial.

Soldiers' Uniforms.

H. C. Mathews and N. R. Whisten, members of the Heath Zouaves, have been prosecuted before Alderman Cassidy by John A. Barclay, Quartermaster of Co. C, with larceny by bailee. The defendants, it is alleged, refuse to deliver their uniforms procured from the company's funds and also refuse to return them. The defendants claim that they did not vote in favor of appropriating the said funds coming to the company, for the purpose, and also that they have paid money on the suits. They gave bail for trial at court.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

CITY Engineer Dempster is fixing the boundaries of the South Side Hill wards.

THE High School Committee will meet this afternoon, and the Central Board of Education on the 20th inst.

REV. MISS CHAPIN will preach to-morrow morning, corner of Third avenue and Grant street, at 10:45. Subject—"The Gospel of Temperance."

THE residence of Rody Patterson, on Third avenue, was ransacked by burglars on Tuesday night. They carried off a watch and a number of other articles.

ON Tuesday night a fire occurred at the American Oil Works, near Sharpsburg. The receiving house, together with a tank partly filled with oil, were burned.

THE condition of the boy Hell, shot by his brother on Thursday, in the Thirteenth ward, was slightly improved last evening. He is being attended by Dr. C. C. Lang.

THE addition to St. Augustine Catholic church, Lawrenceville, lavin, been completed, was dedicated on Sabbath last, by Bishop Domenec. The improvement cost about $17,000.

A LARGE Sunday School picnic party, of the First U. P. church, Allegheny, went down the Fort Wayne road to Monitor Grove at half-past eight yesterday morning and had a good time.

COMMUNION SERVICE in the Lutheran church, Lawrenceville, havin, been completed, was dedicated on Sabbath last, by Bishop Domenec. The improvement cost about $17,000.

A LARGE Sunday School picnic party, of the First U. P. church, Allegheny, went down the Fort Wayne road to Monitor Grove at half-past eight yesterday morning and had a good time.

COMMUNION SERVICE in the Lutheran church, corner of Seventh avenue and Arch street, to-morrow morning at 10½ o'clock. In the evening, at 7½ o'clock, the Rev. Professor Wolff, of Gettysburg, will preach.

GEORGE REESE was arrested in the Twelfth Ward last night by Officer Richter, who took him to the Central Station. The arrest was made by order of the Chief of Police. It is supposed that Reese is a charge of burglary against the prisoner.

A LADY, who has tried it, states that a tea made from the blossoms of the common Hydrangea will be found a sure cure for cramp in from ten to fifteen minutes. In these days of green fruit and vegetables it would be well to bear this in mind.

JOHN KOEHLER, who keeps a shoe store at No. 56 Ninth street, returned from the lodge meeting Thursday night and found his door broken open. He entered the store to investigate, and just as he did so a person struck at him and escaped into the street.

THE name of Herman Stroube, who is defendant in a case before Alderman Cassidy, was misprinted Straub in Tuesday's paper; but none of the many friends of Mr. Herman Straub, the hardware dealer, at No. 71 Federal street, Allegheny, were misled by the error.

A COMPANY has been organized on the South Side for the purpose of prospecting in the gold regions of the Black Hills. It is estimated that the expense of the company will be less than $100 per man, and the company only awaits the permission of the Government to commence active operations.

THE two men, William McKerns and Morris Carlisle, charged with felonious assault and battery, on oath of James Bryer, had a hearing yesterday before Alderman Shaffer, of the South Side, and were committed to jail for trial, in default of $1,000 bail each. The circumstances of this case were reported last week.

A TILL-TAPPER, Thursday night about nine o'clock, went in through the back way of Mrs. Sarver's saloon on Liberty street, Allegheny, and stole thirty-five dollars from the money drawer. Mr. Sarver was sitting on the front pavement at the time and did not observe the thief until he was making his escape.

THE Liberty street Sabbath school room having for a time been closed for refreshening and cleaning, will be opened on Sunday (to-morrow) afternoon at two o'clock. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. B. F. Brooke, pastor of Christ Church, Rev. S. P. Woolf, pastor of Butler Street Church, and others. Good singing by the school. Every person invited.

A MAN drank more beer than his stomach would hold yesterday, in a Diamond alley saloon, and as a result the foamy beverage was ejected from his mouth onto the floor. The proprietor, a crusty Teuton, thereupon exclaimed: "Yon tam pig! why you not carry dot beer out der house out?" The sick man retorted indignantly, with an oath, that he proposed to leave the stuff where he got it.

THE suit for libel, brought by the Doctors McCandless against the *Post*, has been finally settled. It was a case in which the paper had reflected rather severely on the physicians, in connection with a *postmortem* examination. The parties consented to an arbitration, the arbitrators being Dr. Dickson, Wm. H. Smith and R. B. Carnahan, Esq. The amount awarded as damages was $900, or $450 for each plaintiff.

THE members and friends of the Methodist churches of the city purpose having a basket picnic on the camp grounds at Castle Shannon, on Tuesday next, 13th inst. The Castle Shannon Railroad Company will give all persons a free excursion on that day that shall visit the camp grove, in view of purchasing lots or of securing tents for the approaching camp meeting, which is to commence on the 4th of August next.

"OUTLINES OF BIBLE HISTORY AND CHRONOLOGY" is the topic for consideration announced for the seventh session of the Pittsburgh Sunday School Normal Class, which will be held next Tuesday evening in the Smithfield Street Methodist Episcopal church. Mr. Chas. Richardson, of the Bingham street school, will conduct the class. The importance of the subject to be considered will doubtless insure a very large attendance.

WE ACKNOWLEDGE the receipt of the July number of the *Elevator*, a monthly publication devoted to the advancement of the best interests of the colored race. It is edited by our well-known fellow townsman, Professor Neale, and embraces a wide range of thought and discussion. It is a live and interesting periodical, grappling intelligently and faithfully with whatever problems, educational, political, moral or sociological, affect the welfare and progress of the colored element of our population. It merits, and should receive, wide and liberal support. It is alike a credit to its conductors, and to the race in whose behalf it is published.

BOY SHOT.

A Legitimate Result of Placing Dangerous Weapons in the Hands of Children.

About half-past three o'clock yesterday afternoon, while a number of little boys were playing in Cherry alley, near the residence of Major F. C. Negley, on Fourth avenue, a boy named Albert Rolfe Yates, aged about thirteen years, received in his eyes a charge of powder fired from a toy pistol by one of his companions. Major Negley had the wounded boy conveyed to the office of Dr. Rodgers, on Fourth avenue, near Smithfield street, where an examination of his injuries was made. The Doctor found that the right eye was filled with powder, and thinks the iris of that organ is destroyed. The left eye is also badly injured, and the injuries will probably result in total blindness. After Dr. Rogers had concluded his examination, the lad was taken to the house of his mother, a widow, who lives in the upper part of the house occupied by Mr. Fullerton, merchant tailor, at the corner of Third avenue and Smithfield street. Mrs. Yates was absent from home, and the boy was left in the care of an old German who occupied a room in the house.

The boy says the weapon was fired by a lad named Charlie Bulger, and other boys who witnessed the affair state that the shooting was unintentional. Whether accidental or otherwise, this unfortunate occurrence should serve as a warning to parents to prohibit their children from carrying dangerous weapons.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

Francis Ardary, bankrupt, Allegheny county. Return of sale of real estate by assignee confirmed, subject to exceptions.

Joseph Shilling, of Luzerne county, bankrupt. Petition of H. H. Deer, a creditor, for allowance of lien, was referred to Register Willard.

B. Marshall & Co., Luzerne county, bankrupts. On petition of J. B. Kirby for allowance, &c., referred to Register Willard.

James Tyson, bankrupt, Venango county. Assignee's report of sale of personal property filed and confirmed nisi.

Keese, Perry & Co., bankrupts, Titusville. Assignee's report of the sale of property confirmed *nisi*.

John Birch, Venango county. Assignee's report confirmed *nisi*.

Collins Bros., bankrupts, Titusville. The assignee's report of the sale of certain property confirmed, subject to exceptions.

McMahon & Campbell, bankrupts, Allegheny. Order made granting the petition of James O'Hara for the payment of rent out of funds in the hands of the assignee.

B. K. Armstrong, bankrupt of Westmoreland county. The composition of the debtor with his creditors was confirmed.

Quarter Session—Judge Stowe.

Campbell and Guest, tried for burglary, were convicted.

Commonwealth vs. Herman Brylain, indicted on oath of James Dugan for horse stealing. The defendent was found guilty and recommended to the mercy of the court.

Louis Hill, indicted on oath of John G. MacConnell, Esq., for entering a building with felonious intent, and of larceny, was found not guilty.

Alexander Cline, indicted on oath of John J. Davis, was found guilty of larceny. The defendant stole a log chain and a penknife from Bown's store on Wood street.

John Golden, indicted on oath of Mary Ann Curtis for burglary, pleaded guilty. The defendant entered the residence of the prosecutrix and stole clothes to the amount of forty dollars.

David Ford, indicted for barratry, on oath of Wm. Downing, was acquitted. The prosecutor is a liquor dealer, and it was alleged that Ford had been making informations against him and other dealers for illegal liquor selling, and had taken some money to settle the cases, and withdrawn the informations. Several witnesses were called, who testified that Ford had either attempted or accomplished this game with them. In his charge to the jury, Judge Stowe spoke at some length in regard to the matter of settling cases. He gave the Alderman of Pittsburgh and Judges of the Quarter Sessions a pretty severe rap over the knuckles for violating the law in settling cases. He took occasion to say that the course of settling cases, as pursued by some of their unlawful forms procured from the company's funds and also refuse to return them. The defendants claim that they did not vote in favor of appropriating the said funds coming to the company, for the purpose, and also that they have paid money on the suits. They gave bail for trial at court.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

CITY Engineer Dempster is fixing the boundaries of the South Side Hill wards.

THE High School Committee will meet this afternoon, and the Central Board of Education on the 20th inst.

REV. MISS CHAPIN will preach to-morrow morning, corner of Third avenue and Grant street, at 10:45. Subject—"The Gospel of Temperance."

THE residence of Rody Patterson, on Third avenue, was ransacked by burglars on Tuesday night. They carried off a watch and a number of other articles.

ON Tuesday night a fire occurred at the American Oil Works, near Sharpsburg. The receiving house, together with a tank partly filled with oil, were burned.

THE condition of the boy Hell, shot by his brother on Thursday, in the Thirteenth ward, was slightly improved last evening. He is being attended by Dr. C. C. Lang.

THE addition to St. Augustine Catholic church, Lawrenceville, havin, been completed, was dedicated on Sabbath last, by Bishop Domenec. The improvement cost about $17,000.

A LARGE Sunday School picnic party, of the First U. P. church, Allegheny, went down the Fort Wayne road to Monitor Grove at half-past eight yesterday morning and had a good time.

COMMUNION SERVICE in the Lutheran church, corner of Seventh avenue and Arch street, to-morrow morning at 10½ o'clock. In the evening, at 7½ o'clock, the Rev. Professor Wolff, of Gettysburg, will preach.

GEORGE REESE was arrested in the Twelfth Ward last night by Officer Richter, who took him to the Central Station. The arrest was made by order of the Chief of Police. It is supposed that Reese is a charge of burglary against the prisoner.

A LADY, who has tried it, states that a tea made from the blossoms of the common Hydrangea will be found a sure cure for cramp in from ten to fifteen minutes. In these days of green fruit and vegetables it would be well to bear this in mind.

JOHN KOEHLER, who keeps a shoe store at No. 56 Ninth street, returned from the lodge meeting Thursday night and found his door broken open. He entered the store to investigate, and just as he did so a person struck at him and escaped into the street.

THE name of Herman Stroube, who is defendant in a case before Alderman Cassidy, was misprinted Straub in Tuesday's paper; but none of the many friends of Mr. Herman Straub, the hardware dealer, at No. 71 Federal street, Allegheny, were misled by the error.

A COMPANY has been organized on the South Side for the purpose of prospecting in the gold regions of the Black Hills. It is estimated that the expense of the company will be less than $100 per man, and the company only awaits the permission of the Government to commence active operations.

THE two men, William McKerns and Morris Carlisle, charged with felonious assault and battery, on oath of James Bryer, had a hearing yesterday before Alderman Shaffer, of the South Side, and were committed to jail for trial, in default of $1,000 bail each. The circumstances of this case were reported last week.

A TILL-TAPPER, Thursday night about nine o'clock, went in through the back way of Mrs. Sarver's saloon on Liberty street, Allegheny, and stole thirty-five dollars from the money drawer. Mr. Sarver was sitting on the front pavement at the time and did not observe the thief until he was making his escape.

THE Liberty street Sabbath school room having for a time been closed for refreshening and cleaning, will be opened on Sunday (to-morrow) afternoon at two o'clock. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. B. F. Brooke, pastor of Christ Church, Rev. S. P. Woolf, pastor of Butler Street Church, and others. Good singing by the school. Every person invited.

A MAN drank more beer than his stomach would hold yesterday, in a Diamond alley saloon, and as a result the foamy beverage was ejected from his mouth onto the floor. The proprietor, a crusty Teuton, thereupon exclaimed: "Yon tam pig! why you not carry dot beer out der house out?" The sick man retorted indignantly, with an oath, that he proposed to leave the stuff where he got it.

THE suit for libel, brought by the Doctors McCandless against the *Post*, has been finally settled. It was a case in which the paper had reflected rather severely on the physicians, in connection with a *postmortem* examination. The parties consented to an arbitration, the arbitrators being Dr. Dickson, Wm. H. Smith and R. B. Carnahan, Esq. The amount awarded as damages was $900, or $450 for each plaintiff.

THE members and friends of the Methodist churches of the city purpose having a basket picnic on the camp grounds at Castle Shannon, on Tuesday next, 13th inst. The Castle Shannon Railroad Company will give all persons a free excursion on that day that shall visit the camp grove, in view of purchasing lots or of securing tents for the approaching camp meeting, which is to commence on the 4th of August next.

"OUTLINES OF BIBLE HISTORY AND CHRONOLOGY" is the topic for consideration announced for the seventh session of the Pittsburgh Sunday School Normal Class, which will be held next Tuesday evening in the Smithfield Street Methodist Episcopal church. Mr. Chas. Richardson, of the Bingham street school, will conduct the class. The importance of the subject to be considered will doubtless insure a very large attendance.

WE ACKNOWLEDGE the receipt of the July number of the *Elevator*, a monthly publication devoted to the advancement of the best interests of the colored race. It is edited by our well-known fellow townsman, Professor Neale, and embraces a wide range of thought and discussion. It is a live and interesting periodical, grappling intelligently and faithfully with whatever problems, educational, political, moral or sociological, affect the welfare and progress of the colored element of our population. It merits, and should receive, wide and liberal support. It is alike a credit to its conductors, and to the race in whose behalf it is published.

CURE OF DEAFNESS.

CARD

FROM MR. W. B. BATTELLE,

Correspondence Clerk of McKillop & Co.'s Commercial Agency.

PITTSBURGH, PA., July 9th, 1875.

Previous to consulting Dr. J. A. Hunter, on the 25th of last June, I had been growing deaf in both ears for about two years, and it had progressed to such an extent that it interfered seriously with my business, and I *could not hear a watch tick without pressing it upon the ears.*

I am pleased to be able to testify that Dr. Hunter has restored the hearing perfectly in one ear, and materially improved it in the other in the short space of six weeks. I believe him to be a skillful ear surgeon, and recommend all persons afflicted with deafness, or other diseases of the ear, to go to him and try his system of treatment.

W. B. BATTELLE,

Corresponding Clerk McKillop & Co.'s Commercial Agency, No. 99 (new number) Fifth avenue, in *Daily Dispatch* Building.

NOTE—Dr. Hunter devotes special attention to Deafness and all diseases of the Head, Throat and Lungs.

OFFICE NO. 178 FOURTH AVENUE.

Rounding Point-no-Point.

Upon every point in which the Republican party has been assaulted by the Democrats and Liberals it stands to-day fully v